COMMONWEALTH UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



COMMONWEALTH UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Council of Trustees Commonwealth University of Pennsylvania of the State System of Higher Education Bloomsburg, Pennsylvania

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of Commonwealth University of Pennsylvania of the State System of Higher Education (the University), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the University as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component units, which statements reflect total assets, net position, and revenues constituting 100%, 100%, and 100%, respectively, of the 2024 assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2024. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component units, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the University and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Council of Trustees Commonwealth University of Pennsylvania of the State System of Higher Education

Emphasis of Matter

The financial statements of the University are intended to present the financial position, the changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows of only that portion of the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units that are attributable to the transactions of the University. The University is one of ten universities and the System Office of the Pennsylvania State System of Higher Education (the System). These financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the System, as of June 30, 2024, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Council of Trustees
Commonwealth University of Pennsylvania
of the State System of Higher Education

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and the schedules of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability, OPEB Liability, Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability, and Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

King of Prussia, Pennsylvania October 31, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to provide a narrative overview and analysis for the financial activities of Commonwealth University of Pennsylvania (the university) for the year ended June 30, 2024. The university's financial performance is discussed and analyzed within the context of the financial statements and disclosures that follow.

Commonwealth University, established on July 1, 2022 from the integration of Bloomsburg University of Pennsylvania, Lock Haven University of Pennsylvania and Mansfield University of Pennsylvania, is a member of Pennsylvania's State System of Higher Education (State System or System). As a public university of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the university is charged with providing high quality education at the lowest possible cost to its students. With 11,108 students enrolled for fall 2023, the university had the 3rd largest enrollment of the State System's 10 universities.

SYSTEM REDESIGN AND UNIVERSITY INTEGRATIONS

Between 2016 and 2020, the State System conducted a strategic review of operations and identified improvement opportunities with the priority of ensuring student success, leveraging university strength, and transforming the governance and leadership structure within the State System universities. In support of the System Redesign priorities, on July 1, 2020, the Governor of Pennsylvania signed into law Act 50 of 2020 that allowed the State System's Board of Governors to develop policies and procedures by which the Board may create, expand, consolidate, transfer or affiliate an institution.

On July 14, 2021, the Board approved the final university integration plans which integrate the then existing Bloomsburg University, Lock Haven University, and Mansfield University into a single northeast integrated university, subsequently named Commonwealth University of Pennsylvania, and the then existing California University, Edinboro University, and Clarion University into a single western integrated university, subsequently named Pennsylvania Western University. These integrations were designed to leverage the strength of these universities to position them to better serve students and to improve financial sustainability.

On March 10, 2022, Middle States Commission on Higher Education (MSCHE), approved the two integrations and reaffirmed the accreditation of the Commonwealth University of Pennsylvania and the Pennsylvania Western University.

The integrated universities began operations effective July 1, 2022.

Act 50 contained a sunset provision of June 30, 2023 for the System's Board of Governors to authorize any new plans to create, expand, consolidate, transfer or affiliate an institution.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Following is an overview of the university's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2024, as compared to the year ended June 30, 2023.

Tuition and Fees

In its continued efforts to address affordability, in July 2023, the Board voted to **freeze basic in-state tuition** for the 2023-24 academic year. This action resulted in an unprecedented five consecutive years in which tuition was frozen.

The base tuition rate for most full-time Pennsylvania residents will remain at \$3,858 per term, or \$7,716 for the full 2023-24 academic year. **Nonresident, undergraduate tuition** was also frozen, with the rate for most nonresident students remaining at \$19,290 for the 2023-24 academic year. The basic resident **graduate tuition** rate remained at \$516 per credit, while the typical nonresident, graduate tuition rate remained at \$774 per credit.

The **technology tuition fee** remains at \$478 for full-time in-state students and \$728 for full-time out-of state students. All funds raised by the technology tuition fee are used directly to benefit student learning. Technology infrastructure, campus network, student labs, classroom presentation systems, and other technologies used by faculty and students on the Commonwealth University campuses are supported by this fee.

The university's average **price of attendance** (tuition, mandatory fees, room, and board) for in-state undergraduate students increased slightly for academic year 2023-24 at \$23,492, compared to \$21,878 in academic year 2022-23. The average price of attendance among all four-year public universities in the United States in academic year 2023-24 was \$24,030.

Enrollment

The university's fall 2023 student headcount was 11,108, a decrease of 985 students or 8.2% from fall 2022. Following is a breakdown of selected enrollment information.

Fall Enrollment				
	2023-	24	2022-	23
Full Time	9,481	85%	9,792	81%
Part Time	1,627	15%	2,301	19%
	11,108		12,093	
Undergraduate	9,989	90%	11,032	91%
Graduate	1,119	10%	1,061	9%
	11,108		12,093	
Resident	9,988	90%	10,859	90%
Non-Resident	1,120	10%	1,234	10%
	11,108		12,093	

While the overall enrollment declined by 8.2% for Fall 2023, incoming undergraduate student enrollment increased by 12.1% compared to the prior fall and the university's retention rate improved by 2.0%.

With an undergraduate population comprised of 90% Pennsylvania residents, and the majority of those being traditional-age students enrolling right out of high school, the university's enrollment has been impacted by the state's decline in high school graduates. In addition to the reductions in the number of high school graduates in Pennsylvania, enrollment has been affected by a decline in the proportion of those who pursue higher education, an overcrowded higher education marketplace in the state, and the continued follow-on impact of COVID-19.

Appropriations

For fiscal year 2023-24, the State System received General Fund appropriations of \$585.6 million, which was an increase of 6.0% over the amount of \$552.5 million for fiscal year 2022-23. The university's share of the total appropriation was \$88.4 million in fiscal year 2023-24, with an increase of \$3.8 million, or 4.5%, over fiscal year 2022-23. In fiscal year 2023-24, these appropriations represented approximately 32.4% of total revenues and gains. Also, in fiscal year 2023-24, to recognize the need for newly integrated universities to transition to their optimum end state, one-time funding was received by the university of \$1.9 million from System SERS funds.

Pennsylvania ranked 40th in the nation in public higher education appropriations per FTE student, based on the 2023 State Higher Education Finance Report produced by the State Higher Education Executive Officers Association. This is an improvement over the 46th ranking in the 2022 report. State support is a main determinant influencing the State System's overall financial condition and directly impacts the ability of the State System to maintain affordable tuition rates. The appropriation increases in recent years have been instrumental in the ability to freeze tuition, provide important services for our students, and support our financial health.

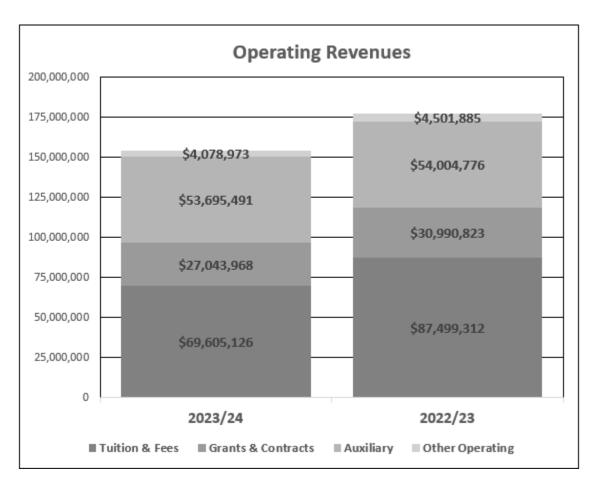
The university received a \$3.7 million Realty Transfer Tax allocation in fiscal year 2023-24 from the Commonwealth's Key '93 (Keystone Recreation, Park and Conservation) Fund. With the exception of fiscal years 2009-10 and 2010-11, when no funding was received, Key '93 funds have provided a consistent revenue stream for university deferred maintenance projects since 1993.

In fiscal year 2022-23 the State System universities received an appropriation of \$125 million from the Commonwealth's American Rescue Plan's Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds. The university's share of these one-time funds was \$17.1 million and is being used to provide institutional aid to students in accordance with regulations outlined in the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (CSFRF) Final Rule guidelines. The university allocated \$6.6 million and \$5.4 million in fiscal years 2023-24 and 2022-23, respectively, to student aid, and the remaining \$5.1 million will be allocated to student aid in fiscal year 2024-25.

Operating Revenues

Educational and General Fund tuition and fee revenue, net of discounts and allowances, was \$69.6 million for fiscal year 2023-24, a decrease of \$17.9 million from the \$87.5 million earned in fiscal year 2022-23. Auxiliary fee revenue, net of discounts and allowances, was \$51.3 million for fiscal year 2023-24, an increase of \$2.4 million from the \$48.9 million fee earned in 2022-23.

The chart below summarizes the two-year trend of total university operating revenue, including Educational and General fund tuition and fees, auxiliary fees and sales, government and nongovernment grants and contracts, and other miscellaneous operating revenue.

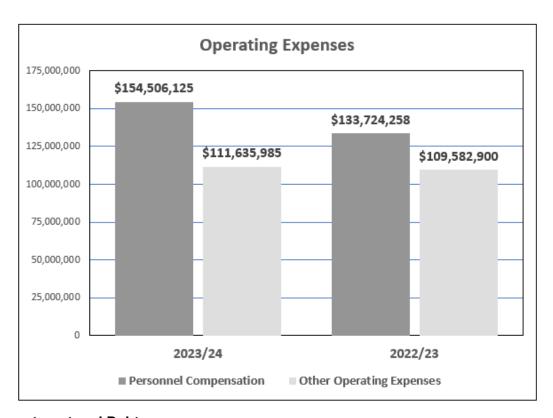


Operating Expenses

Educational and General Fund personnel expenditures, including salary, incremental benefits and employer paid fixed rate benefits, were \$143.0 million, an increase of \$22.5 million, or 18.7%, in fiscal year 2023-24 as compared to fiscal year 2022-23. The increase is attributable to the effect of actuarily determined unfunded liabilities - compensated absences, pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB). All represented employee groups experienced collective bargaining pay increases, and nonrepresented employees received pay increases as well, in fiscal year 2023-24.

Educational and General Fund expenditures, including services, supplies, utilities, capital and other non-personnel expenditures were \$57.0 million for fiscal year 2023-24, an increase of \$5.7 million, or 11.0%, over fiscal year 2022-23.

The following chart summarizes the two-year trend of total university personnel compensation and other operating expenses, such as services, supplies and utilities.



Capital Investment and Debt

The university recognized \$13.2 million in capital asset additions in fiscal year 2023-24, which includes \$3.9 million to improve academic and auxiliary facilities across all 4 campuses, \$3.9 million in construction in progress, \$.1 million in capital assets recognized under right of use leases and \$2.0 million for subscription-based information technology arrangements.

Debt service payments for principal and interest, \$13.0 million and \$7.4 million, respectively, were made on State System issued bonds in FY2023-24, bringing the total outstanding debt to \$176.0 million. The university had no new bond issuances from the State System for fiscal years 2023-24 and 2022-23

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet

The balance sheet reports the balances of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position of the university as of the end of the fiscal year.

- **Assets** include cash; investments reported at market value; the value of outstanding receivables due from students and from other parties; and land, buildings, and equipment reported at cost, less accumulated depreciation.
- **Deferred Outflows of Resources**, defined as a consumption of net position that applies to future periods, reports the deferred loss on bond defeasance and certain items associated with the pension and other postemployment benefits, OPEB, liabilities (health and tuition benefits expected to be paid to eligible current and future retirees).

- Liabilities include payments due to vendors, employees, including students; revenues received but not yet earned; the balance of bonds payable; and amounts estimated to be due for items such as workers' compensation (the university is self-insured), compensated absences (the value of sick and annual leave earned by employees), pension benefits, and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).
- **Deferred Inflows of Resources**, defined as an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods, reports the deferred gain on bond defeasance, the fair value of irrevocable split-interest agreements, and certain items associated with the pension and OPEB.
- Net Position, informally referred to as Net Assets or Fund Balance (as it was previously called),
 is the sum of Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources less Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of
 Resources.

Following is a summary of the university's balance sheet at June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Statement	of Net Position		
			Change from
(in millions)	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	Prior Year
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$99.2	\$134.4	(26.2%
Capital assets, net	358.1	375.7	(4.7%
Other assets	32.3	34.4	(6.1%
Deferred outflows	58.9	82.7	(28.7%
Total assets and deferred outflows	548.6	627.3	(12.5%
Liabilities			
Workers' Compensation	1.5	1.3	17.29
Compensated absences	19.1	18.6	2.89
Net pension liability	169.4	186.1	(8.9%
Net OPEB liability	176.5	199.6	(11.6%
Bonds payable	188.3	202.9	(7.2%
Lease obligations and financed purchases	6.0	7.2	(16.9%
Other liabilities	50.6	52.1	(2.9%
Deferred inflows	120.0	152.4	(21.2%
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	731.4	820.0	(10.8%
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	161.6	165.9	(2.6%
Restricted	15.0	13.1	14.39
Unrestricted	(359.4)	(371.7)	(3.3%
Total net position	(182.8)	(192.8)	(5.2%
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and net	\$548.6	\$627.3	(12.5%

Net Position

Overall net position increased by \$10.0 million in fiscal year 2023-24. This compares to an increase of \$49.7 million in fiscal year 2022-23 over fiscal year 2021-22.

In accordance with GASB requirements, the university reports three components of net position:

- **Net investment in capital assets** informally known as NIP (from its former name, *Net investment in plant*), is the cost of land, buildings, improvements, equipment, furnishings, and library books, net of accumulated depreciation, less any associated debt (primarily bonds payable). This balance is not available for the university's use in ongoing operation since the underlying assets would have to be sold in order to use the balance to pay current or long-term obligations. The Commonwealth prohibits a state university from selling university land and buildings without prior approval.
- **Restricted** net position represents the portion of balances of funds received from the Commonwealth, donors, or grantors who have placed restrictions on the purpose for which the funds must be spent. *Nonexpendable* restricted net position represents the corpus of endowments and similar arrangements in which only the associated investment income can be spent. *Expendable* restricted net position represents the portion of restricted funds that is available for expenditures as long as any external purpose and time restrictions are met.
- Unrestricted net position includes funds that the university president has designated for specific purposes, auxiliary funds, and all other funds not appropriately classified as restricted of invested in capital assets.

Unrestricted net position includes three liabilities that the university does not fund – compensated absences, net pension liability, and OPEB - along with the respective deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Because these liabilities will be realized gradually over future years, and because of their size, the universities are expected to fund these liabilities only on a "pay-as-you-go" basis; i.e., as they become due.

The liability for **compensated absences** represents the dollar value, based on an employee's current salary, of annual and sick leave that employees have earned and could potentially receive in the form of cash payouts upon retirement or other termination. All full-time employees are eligible to be paid, upon termination, for their accumulated unused annual, personal, and holiday leave, with a maximum annual accumulation of 45 days. Sick leave payouts, however, are subject to vesting requirements, and the value of accumulated unused sick leave is paid only to those employees who retire and meet service and/or age requirements, and it is capped depending upon the number of days accumulated. The liability for sick leave is estimated based on historical sick leave payouts. As employees earn and accumulate leave, the compensated absences liability increases; as employees use leave or terminate, the liability decreases. The liability increased from a balance of \$18.6 million in fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 to \$19.1 million in fiscal year ending June 30,2024. The university funds this liability only as cash payouts are made to employees upon termination.

- The **net pension liability**, along with the related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, is the university's allocated share of the difference between the Commonwealth's defined benefit pension obligations and the funding set aside by the Commonwealth in a qualified trust to pay the future benefits that are promised to current employees, retirees, and their beneficiaries. The annual increase in the liability is the amount that current employees earn each fiscal year as a pension benefit, actuarially calculated based on years of service, age, and estimates of future service and employee longevity. The liability decreases when funding of the qualified trust increases and when employees or retirees leave the pension plans. The negative effect of this liability, along with the related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, on net position at June 30, 2024, was \$143.0 million, compared to \$150.0 million at June 30, 2023. The university funds this liability on a "pay-as-you-go" basis; that is, they fund only the annual contractually required contributions to the State Employees Retirement System (SERS) and the Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS).
- The liability for **other postemployment benefits**, or OPEB, represents the estimated future healthcare costs for current and future retirees. The annual increase in the liability is the amount that current employees earn each fiscal year as a retiree healthcare benefit, actuarially calculated based on years of service, age, and estimates of future service and employee longevity. The liability also increases as healthcare costs increase. The liability decreases when required contributions by retirees are increased, when the number of eligible employees decreases, and when retirees leave the plan. The negative effect of this liability, along with the related deferred outflows and inflows of resources, on net position at June 30, 2024, was \$262.5 million, compared to \$304.2 million at June 30, 2023. Like the pension liability, the university funds these liabilities on a "pay-as-you-go" basis. For the State System plan, the university makes biweekly contributions to fund the actual claims incurred by retirees during the year; for the Retired Employees Health Program (REHP) and PSERS OPEB plans, the university makes contractually required contributions as determined by the Commonwealth.

Following is a summary of the effect of the three unfunded liabilities, including the related deferred outflows of resources (DOR) and deferred inflows of resources (DIR), on the university's net position. The university's Alternative Retirement Plan is a defined contribution plan and has no liability. The university was not required to report a liability for the REHP OPEB and PSERS OPEB plans prior to July 1, 2018.

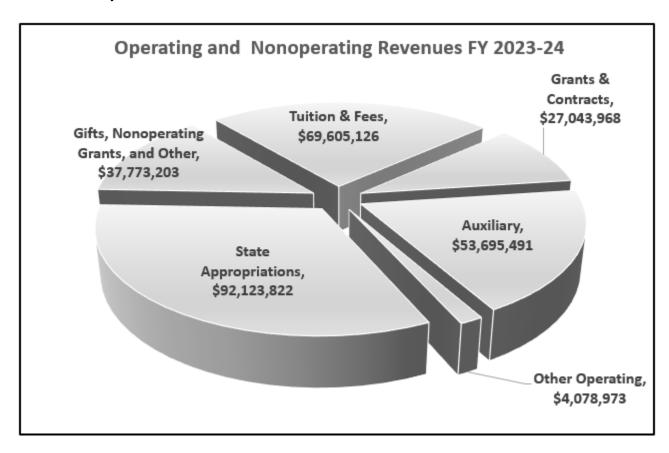
Effect of the Unfunded Liabilities, including the respective Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources, on Unrestricted Net Position			
(in millions)	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	
Unrestricted Net Position when the effect of the unfunded liabilities is included	(\$359.4)	(\$371.7)	
Pension Liabilities, including DOR and DIR SERS Pension PSERS Pension Alternative Retirement Plan	130.7 12.4	136.9 13.1	
Total Pension Liabilities	143.0	150.0	
OPEB Liabilities, including DOR and DIR SSHE OPEB Plan REHP OPEB Plan PSERS OPEB Plan Total OPEB Liabilities	181.1 80.8 0.6 262.5	200.3 103.2 0.6 304.2	
Compensated Absences Liability	19.1	18.6	
Total Unfunded Liabilities, including DOR and DIR	424.6	472.7	
Unrestricted Net Position when the effect of the unfunded liabilities is excluded	\$65.2	\$101.0	

When the unfunded liabilities and related DOR and DIR are excluded, unrestricted net position decreased by \$35.8 million, or 35.5%, from fiscal year 2022-23 to 2023-24. The decrease in the current year is associated with decreased tuition and fee revenues as well as higher salaries, wages and benefits expense, curriculum development and infrastructure costs relating to the university integration, and a legal expense accrual relating to a federal jury award against the university. These expenses were offset by higher state appropriations revenue.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position reports the revenues earned and the expenses incurred during the fiscal year. The result is reported as an increase or decrease in net position. In accordance with GASB requirements, the university has classified revenues and expenses as either operating or nonoperating. GASB has determined that all public colleges' and universities' state appropriations and appropriations and grants received as a result of the CARES, CRRSAA and ARP Acts are nonoperating revenues. In addition, GASB requires classification of gifts, Pell grants, investment income and expenses, unrealized gains and losses on investments, interest expense, and gains and losses on disposals and acquisitions of assets as nonoperating. The State System classifies all of its remaining activities as operating.

Following is a chart and a table that illustrate the composition of the university's total operating and nonoperating revenues for fiscal year 2023-24 and summarize comparative operating and nonoperating revenues for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023.



Revenues and Gains				
(in millions)	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	Change from Prior Year	
Operating revenues				
Tuition and fees, net	\$69.6	\$87.5	(20.5%)	
Grants and contracts	27.0	31.0	(12.7%)	
Auxiliary enterprises, net	53.7	54.0	(0.6%)	
Other	4.1	4.5	(9.4%)	
Total operating revenues	154.4	177.0	(12.8%)	
Nonoperating revenues and gains				
State appropriations	92.1	88.8	3.8%	
Federal & state approp. & grants-COVID	6.6	5.4	22.2%	
Investment income, net	5.7	4.3	32.6%	
Gifts, nonoperating grants, and other	25.5	24.0	6.2%	
Total nonoperating revenues and gains	129.9	122.5	6.1%	
Total revenues and gains	\$284.3	\$299.5	(5.1%)	

Overall, fiscal year 2023-24 **operating revenues** decreased by 12.8% over the prior fiscal year, due to reduced tuition and fee revenue. Nonoperating revenues increased by 6.1% due to increased State System appropriations, increased use of CSFRF II Funds for student aid and higher interest rates in 2023-24. The overall decrease in revenues and gains was 5.1%.

Tuition and fee revenue are shown net of discounts and allowances and bad debt expense. Discounts and allowances represent financial aid to students in the form of grants, scholarships, and waivers. A freeze in tuition and mandatory fees set by the university, coupled with a decline in enrollment, resulted in an overall decrease of net tuition and fee revenue of \$17.9 million in fiscal year 2023-24, or 20.5%, from fiscal year 2022-23.

Total **financial aid** to students in the form of grants, waivers, and scholarships was \$64.1 million in fiscal year 2023-24, compared to \$53.8 million in fiscal year 2022-23. Federal Pell grants and other federal aid increased by \$1.0 million, and Pennsylvania Higher Education Assistance Agency (PHEAA) grants increased by \$1.3 million, over fiscal year 2022-23.

Following is the breakdown of financial aid in fiscal years 2023-24 and 2022-23.

Student Financial Aid			
(in millions)	2023-24	2022-23	
Federal Pell grants	\$17.7	\$16.5	
Other federal aid	0.9	1.2	
State financial aid including PHEAA grants	14.0	12.7	
Local government financial aid	0.0	0.0	
Endowments and all other restricted financial aid grants	3.2	3.9	
E&G scholarships/fellowships recorded as grants/gift revenue	23.4	8.2	
Tuition and fee waivers and institutional scholarships	1.9	10.4	
Housing and dining waivers and institutional scholarships	3.1	0.8	
Total	\$64.1	\$53.8	

Tuition and fee waivers and institutional scholarships granted by the university decreased by \$8.8 million, or 45.5%, in fiscal year 2023-24 over 2022-23. Waivers and institutional scholarships represent discounts offered to students for which there is no outside funding source to replenish the lost operating revenue.

Auxiliary enterprises revenue, which includes food service sales, housing fees, and fees for the operation, maintenance, debt service, and renewal of student union and recreation centers decreased to \$53.7 million in fiscal year 2023-24, from \$54 million in fiscal year 2022-23.

State appropriations include general and capital cash appropriations that are received from the Commonwealth. The fiscal year 2023-24 general cash appropriation allocated to the university was \$88.4 million, an increase of \$3.8 million, or 4.5%, over the fiscal year 2022-23 allocation, while capital appropriations decreased \$.4 million to \$3.7 million in fiscal year 2023-24 from \$4.1 million in fiscal year 2022-23.

Investment income (net of related investment expenses) for fiscal year 2023-24 was \$5.7 million. This represents an increase of \$1.4 million over fiscal year 2022-23. The increase is largely due to increasing interest rates during the fiscal year. Rates moved from a low of 1.38% in fiscal year 2022-23 to a high of 4.50% during fiscal year 2023-24.

Other Revenues include \$6.6 million in COVID related appropriations recognized as revenue in fiscal year 2023-24 that was related to the \$125 million appropriation from the Commonwealth's American Rescue Plan's Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds. The remaining \$5.1 million allocated to the university is anticipated to be recognized as revenue in FY2024-25.

Expenses and Losses

Following is a summary of expenses and losses for the years ending June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023.

Expenses and Losses				
(in millions)	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	Change from Prior Year	
Operating expenses				
Instruction	\$85.9	\$74.0	16.1%	
Research and public service	2.9	2.9	(1.8%)	
Academic support	21.3	17.8	19.6%	
Student services	27.1	23.6	14.7%	
Institutional support	45.1	36.5	23.3%	
Operations and maintenance of plant	14.6	15.2	(3.6%)	
Depreciation	28.6	27.9	2.6%	
Student aid	9.7	12.9	(25.2%)	
Auxiliary enterprises	31.0	32.5	(4.4%)	
Total operating expenses	266.1	243.3	9.4%	
Other expenses and losses				
Interest expense on capital asset-related del	6.0	6.3	(5.1%)	
Loss on disposal/acquisition of assets	2.2	0.1	1849.6%	
Total other expenses and losses	8.2	6.5	27.4%	
Total expenses and losses	\$274.4	\$249.8	9.9%	
,			•	

Operating expenditures include personnel and other non-personnel operating expense, including depreciation.

In fiscal year 2023-24, \$133.5 million, or 50.1%, of the university's total operating expenses were related to salary and wages. Salary and wages increased \$12.3 million, or 10.2%, from fiscal year 2022-23. Total benefits, including healthcare costs, health and welfare, and post-retirement were \$21.0 million in fiscal year 2023-24, or 7.9%, of total operating expenses. This represents an increase of \$8.4 million, or 67.1%, from fiscal year 2022-23 benefits expense of \$12.6 million.

This increase is related to net actuarial assumptions associated with the Compensated Absences, OPEB and pension liabilities, as well as the reduction in workforce.

• Employer share of employee health care costs, including hospitalization insurance and the health and welfare fund, was \$20.9 million in fiscal year 2023-24, an increase of \$.6 million, or 3.0%, compared to fiscal year 2022-23.

- Employer share of postretirement health care expense was a negative \$33.9 million, an increase of \$12.4 million, or 26.8%, compared to fiscal year 2022-23, primarily related to a decrease in the actuarially calculated OPEB expenses in excess of pay-as-you-go.
- Employer contributions to SERS, a defined benefits pension plan, were \$17.7 million in fiscal year 2023-24, an increase of \$.9 million and 5.5% from fiscal year 2022-23.
- Employer contributions to PSERS, a defined benefits pension remained steady at \$1.7 million, from fiscal year 2022-23 to fiscal year 2023-24.
- Employer contributions to the Alternative Retirement Plan (ARP), a defined contribution plan, increased slightly in fiscal year 2023-24 by \$.2 million to \$5.8 million.

Other operating expenses, including student aid, supplies and other services, utilities, and depreciation, were \$111.6 million in fiscal year 2023-24, an increase of \$2.1 million, or 1.9%, from fiscal year 2022-23.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about the university's cash receipts and cash payments. It may be used to determine the university's ability to generate future net cash flows and meet its obligations as they come due, as well as its possible need for external financing.

The table below shows the university's cash balance at the end of fiscal years 2023-24 and 2022-23.

	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23
Cash flows from operating activities	(\$123,267,923)	(\$111,615,991)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	110,725,154	123,297,741
Cash flows from capital financing activities	(28,149,766)	(27,935,381)
Cash flows from investing activities	5,478,949	4,258,877
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(\$35,213,587)	(\$11,994,754)
Cash-beginning of year	\$134,436,017	\$146,430,768
Cash-end of year	\$99,222,430	\$134,436,014

OTHER ECONOMIC FACTORS AND CONSIDERATIONS

In the upcoming fiscal year, 2024-25, there are several economic factors and considerations to note with respect to the university's financial outlook.

Tuition and Fees

In its continued efforts to address affordability, in July 2024, the Board voted to freeze basic in-state tuition for the 2024-25 academic year. This action resulted in an unprecedented six consecutive years in which tuition was frozen. The Board also set a tentative tuition rate for the 2025-26 academic year that was also frozen. These actions provide assurances and financial relief to current and potential students and ensure that the State System will maintain its place as the affordable higher education option for students of the Commonwealth. The State System will continue to monitor its funding sufficiency and propose a tuition rate for 2025-26 for the Board's consideration in 2025.

Beginning in academic year 2025-26, rate-approving authority for the technology tuition fee will be delegated to the universities' Councils of Trustees.

Enrollment

Enrollment is expected to continue its downward trend with a slight decline for fiscal year 2024-25. However, new student enrollment is expected to stabilize while growth in new graduate enrollment is expected to continue as new program offerings are launched and new marketing strategies are implemented. Investments in student success initiatives are having a positive impact on overall retention rates at all three campuses. Retention rates for our Under Represented Minorities (URM) continue to trend upward. State System and university enrollment historically has been closely tied to the state's high school demographic trends. Near-term demographic trends predict a growth in high school graduates through fiscal 2024-25, and then a decline for several years thereafter. This demographic cliff trend is predicted throughout the country, and is more acute in the northeastern United States, which has seen greater overall demographic declines.

Appropriation

For fiscal year 2024-25, the State System will receive \$620.8 million in General Fund appropriations, an increase of \$35.1 million or 6.0% over the prior fiscal year 2023-24. The university's share will be \$90.9 million. In addition, the university will receive a SERS distribution as transition funds for integrated universities of \$2.0 million in fiscal year 2024-25. This SERS distribution allocation is expected to continue through fiscal year 2025-26.

Compensation Costs

Approximately 88% of the university's full-time (FTE) employees are covered by 7 collective bargaining agreements. During 2023-24, new collective bargaining agreements were established for the State System's clerical, administrative, technical, maintenance and trade employees with American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees (AFSCME); Association of Pennsylvania State College and University Faculties (APSCUF); State College & University Professional Association (SCUPA); APSCUF Non-Faculty Athletic Coaches and Office of Professional Employees International Union Healthcare Pennsylvania (OPEIU) which covers nursing positions. All of these agreements are effective July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2027. During 2022-23, a new collective bargaining agreement was established with the Security, Police and Fire Professionals of America (SPFPA) and PASSHE Officers Association (POA) through August 2025. Pay increases for nonrepresented employees are approved by the Board of Governors. Overall salaries and wages are projected to increase by 6.7%.

Pension Costs and Healthcare

The pension cost of employer retirement contributions has increased significantly year-over-year but has recently seen a leveling out, or a lower rate of increase. The employer contribution rate for the university's most common pension plan, SERS, is expected to decrease by 2.0% in fiscal year 2024-25. Healthcare rates are expected to increase for all units by between 5.3% and 10.0% in fiscal year 2024-25. The assumption of increased employer rates across all units remains likely in years beyond 2025. Overall, total benefits are projected to increase by 5.0% in FY2024-25.

Debt Service

In fiscal year 2024-25, the State System will receive a special appropriation of \$85 million from the Commonwealth's Facility Transition Account for facilities transition costs, payment of bond debt services, loan repayments and other repayments. The university will be allocated \$37.3 million of this appropriation to defease Mansfield's Student Housing Phase II Series AT bond.

Rating Agencies

In December 2023, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. maintained the State System's **bond rating** of Aa3, but revised the outlook from negative to stable. The stable outlook reflects Moody's expectations that leadership will continue to successfully execute the system redesign initiative leading to the maintenance of break-even operations and expectations of continued strong liquidity, growing Commonwealth financial support and steady declines in bonded debt. At the same time, Moody's revised the State System's Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) and Credit Impact Scores (CIS) from CIS-4 to CIS-3, reflecting an improvement in that measure. CIS-3 reflects the State System's elevated exposure to social risks, including weak demographics and highly competitive market conditions, while strong financial management partly mitigates it exposure to ESG risks. In March 2024, Fitch Ratings affirmed the State System's rating of A+ with stable outlook.

Requests for Information

Requests for information, including questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Commonwealth University of Pennsylvania Financial Services 400 East Second Street Bloomsburg, PA 17815

COMMONWEALTH UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PRIMARY INSTITUTION JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 99,2	222,428
Investments	4	449,567
Accounts Receivable:		
Governmental Grants and Contracts	3,5	502,652
Students, Net of Allowance for Doubtful Accounts of		
\$5,104,702	14,3	331,051
Other	1,0	068,836
Interest Income Receivable		428,659
Inventories		110,545
Prepaid Expenses	2,5	568,712
Current Portion of Leases Receivable	· .	173,185
Due from Component Units	1,4	476,051
Other Assets	•	895
Total Current Assets	123,3	332,581
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Long-Term Investments, Including Endowments	9	998,211
Beneficial Interests	5,2	227,402
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	13,3	338,007
Depreciable or Amortizable Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated		
Depreciation and Amortization	344,7	735,979
Long-Term Portion of Leases Receivable	2,0	011,596
Total Noncurrent Assets	366,3	311,195
Total Assets	489,6	643,776
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unamortized Loss on Refunding of Debt	7	740,683
Deferred Outflows from SERS Contributions	33,5	585,658
Deferred Outflows from PSERS Contributions	2,6	671,503
Deferred Outflows from OPEB Contributions	21,9	931,772
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	58,9	929,616
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 548,5	573,392

COMMONWEALTH UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PRIMARY INSTITUTION (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2024

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION

CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 30,419,261
Unearned Revenue	13,530,557
Students' Deposits	54,181
Other Deposit Liabilities	455,282
Workers' Compensation	651,086
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	3,283,120
Current Postretirement Benefit Obligations	7,689,715
Current Portion of Lease Liabilities	402,632
Current Portion of Subscription Liabilities	2,240,422
Current Portion of Bonds Payable, Net	11,462,194
Due to System, Academic Facilities Renovation	
Bond Program (AFRP)	101,783
Due to Component Units	5,333,464
Due to Component Units - Lease Liabilities	348,253
Other Current Liabilities	109,739
Total Current Liabilities	76,081,689
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	
Unearned Revenue	245,276
Workers' Compensation, Net of Current Portion	817,584
Compensated Absences, Net of Current Portion	15,785,326
Long-Term Portion of Lease Liabilities	229,607
Postretirement Benefit Obligations, Noncurrent	168,801,697
Long-Term Portion of Subscription Liabilities	2,755,274
Bonds Payable, Net	176,849,877
Due to System, AFRP, Net of Current Portion	219,511
Due to Component Units - Lease Liabilities	25,882
Net Pension Liability	169,433,226
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	128,571_
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	535,291,831
Total Liabilities	611,373,520
DEFENDED INFLOWS OF DESCRIPCES	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	00.400
Unamortized Gain on Refunding of Debt Deferred Inflows from SERS Contributions	69,188
Deferred Inflows from PSERS Contributions Deferred Inflows from PSERS Contributions	9,487,584
Deferred Inflows from OPEB Contributions	371,622 107,941,106
Deferred Inflow - Lease Receivable	2,126,938
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	119,996,438
Total Defends innows of resources	113,330,400
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	161,637,584
Restricted for:	
Expendable:	
Scholarships and Fellowships	1,586,375
Capital Projects	7,642,954
Other	504,553
Nonexpendable:	
Scholarships and Fellowships	5,227,402
Other	-
Unrestricted Net Position	(359,395,435)
Total Net Position	(182,796,567)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	
and Net Position	\$ 548,573,392

COMMONWEALTH UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PRIMARY INSTITUTION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

OPERATING REVENUES	
Tuition and Fees	\$ 122,360,676
Less: Scholarship Discounts and Allowances	 (52,755,550)
Net Tuition and Fees	69,605,126
Governmental Grants and Contracts:	
Federal	4,542,035
State	22,064,574
Local	20,062
Nongovernmental Grants and Contracts	417,297
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	3,072,674
Auxiliary Enterprises	53,695,490
Other Revenues	1,006,299
Total Operating Revenues	 154,423,557
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Instruction	85,920,369
Research	363,703
Public Service	2,489,273
Academic Support	21,250,341
Student Services	27,091,846
Institutional Support	45,070,588
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	14,606,591
Depreciation and Amortization	28,647,003
Student Aid	9,653,366
Auxiliary Enterprises	31,049,030
Total Operating Expenses	266,142,110
OPERATING LOSS	(111,718,553)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
State Appropriations, General and Restricted	88,426,567
Federal and State Appropriations and Grants-COVID	6,613,678
Commonwealth On-Behalf Contributions to PSERS	1,267,598
Pell Grants	17,732,454
Investment Income, Net of Related Investment	, - , -
Expense of \$26,378	5,677,487
Unrealized Increase in Fair Value in Beneficial Interests	782,477
Gifts for Other than Capital Purposes	4,696,768
Interest Expense	(6,024,263)
Loss on Disposal of Assets	(2,200,235)
Other Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	200,870
Nonoperating Revenues, Net	 117,173,401
INCOME BEFORE OTHER REVENUES	5,454,848
OTHER REVENUES	
State Appropriations, Capital	3,697,255
Capital Gifts and Grants	 801,871
Total Other Revenues	 4,499,126
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	9,953,974
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 (192,750,541)
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ (182,796,567)

COMMONWEALTH UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW – PRIMARY INSTITUTION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Net Tuition and Fees Grants and Contracts Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services Payments to Employees Student Aid PLUS, Stafford, and Other Loans Receipts (Non-Perkins) PLUS, Stafford, and Other Loans Disbursements (Non-Perkins) Auxiliary Enterprise Charges Sales and Services of Educational Departments Other Operating Receipts Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$ 69,807,139 28,612,220 (68,746,273) (200,721,276) (10,141,664) 84,959,010 (84,959,010) 52,976,390 3,082,361 1,863,179 (123,267,924)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
State Appropriations	88,426,567
Gifts and Nonoperating Grants for Other than Capital Purposes	22,432,552
Agency Transactions, Net	(334,836)
Other	200,870
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities	110,725,153
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Capital Appropriations	3,697,255
Capital Gifts and Grants Received	772,055
Proceeds from Sales of Capital Assets	2,502
Purchases of Capital Assets	(8,602,792)
Principal Paid on Debt, Leases, Subscriptions, and Financed Purchases	(16,416,720)
Interest Paid on Debt, Leases, Subscriptions, and Financed Purchases	 (7,602,067)
Net Cash Used by Capital Financing Activities	(28,149,767)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds from Sales and Maturities	(218,052)
Interest on Investments	5,697,001
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	5,478,949
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(35,213,589)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	134,436,017
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 99,222,428

COMMONWEALTH UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW – PRIMARY INSTITUTION (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH
USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Operating Loss \$ (111,718,553) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to Net Cash 28,647,003 Used by Operating Activities: 28,647,003 Expenses Paid by Commonwealth or Donor 1,267,598 Changes in Assets and Liabilities: 1,325,223 Receivables, Net (289,634) Inventories 6,425 Other Assets 2,034,569 Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses 4,206,846 Unearned Revenue (336,568) Students' Deposits 38,845 Compensated Absences 515,088 Postretirement Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activity (23,119,003) Net Pension Activity (587,283) Other Liabilities (587,283) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (29,322,317) Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (29,322,317) Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (28,77,831) Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (28,77,831) Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (3,254,096) Deferred Inflow of resources related to lease receivable 281,187	OSED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(444 = 40 ==0)
Used by Operating Activities: 28,647,003 Depreciation and Amortization Expense 28,647,003 Expenses Paid by Commonwealth or Donor 1,267,598 Changes in Assets and Liabilities: 1,325,223 Receivables, Net (289,634) Lease rental receivable (3rd Party & Comp Units) Activity (289,634) Inventories 6,425 Other Assets 2,034,559 Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses 4,206,846 Unearmed Revenue (336,568) Students' Deposits 38,845 Compensated Absences 515,088 Postretirement Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activity (23,119,003) Net Pension Activity (16,626,814) Other Liabilities (587,283) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (29,322,317) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions (29,322,317) Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (3,254,096) Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (3,254,096) Deferred Inflow of resources related to lease receivable 281,187 Net Cash Used by Operating Activities \$ 127,795 <	Operating Loss	\$ (111,718,553)
Depreciation and Amortization Expense 28,647,003 Expenses Paid by Commonwealth or Donor 1,267,598 Changes in Assets and Liabilities: T Receivables, Net 1,325,223 Lease rental receivable (3rd Party & Comp Units) Activity (289,634) Inventories 6,425 Other Assets 2,034,569 Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses 4,206,846 Unearned Revenue (336,568) Students' Deposits 38,445 Compensated Absences 515,088 Postretirement Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activity (23,119,003) Net Pension Activity (16,626,814) Other Liabilities (587,283) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (29,322,317) Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (29,322,317) Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (3,254,096) Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (3,254,096) Deferred Inflow of resources related to lease receivable (32,213,267,924) SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES \$ 1,237,261 Capital Assets Included in Payables <td></td> <td></td>		
Expenses Paid by Commonwealth or Donor 1,267,598 Changes in Assets and Liabilities: 1,325,223 Receivables, Net (289,634) Lease rental receivable (3rd Party & Comp Units) Activity (289,634) Inventories 6,425 Other Assets 2,034,569 Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses 4,206,846 Unearned Revenue (336,568) Students' Deposits 38,845 Compensated Absences 515,088 Postretirement Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activity (23,119,003) Net Pension Activity (16,626,814) Other Liabilities (587,283) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB 10,785,729 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (29,322,317) Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (29,322,317) Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (3,254,096) Deferred inflow of resources related to lease receivable 281,187 Net Cash Used by Operating Activities \$ (123,267,924) SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL Financing Activities \$ (123,267,924) Capital Asse	, , ,	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities: 1,325,223 Receivables, Net 1,325,223 Lease rental receivable (3rd Party & Comp Units) Activity (289,634) Inventories 6,425 Other Assets 2,034,569 Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses 4,206,846 Unearned Revenue (336,568) Students' Deposits 38,845 Compensated Absences 515,088 Postretirement Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activity (23,119,003) Net Pension Activity (16,626,814) Other Liabilities (587,283) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB 10,785,729 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (29,322,317) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions 12,877,831 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (3,254,096) Deferred Inflow of resources related to lease receivable 281,187 Net Cash Used by Operating Activities \$ (123,267,924) SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL * (123,267,924) FINANCING ACTIVITIES \$ (123,267,924) Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units	•	, ,
Receivables, Net 1,325,223 Lease rental receivable (3rd Party & Comp Units) Activity (289,634) Inventories 6,425 Other Assets 2,034,569 Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses 4,206,846 Unearned Revenue (336,568) Students' Deposits 38,845 Compensated Absences 515,088 Postretirement Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activity (23,119,003) Net Pension Activity (16,626,814) Other Liabilities (587,283) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB 10,785,729 Deferred Untflows of Resources Related to OPEB (29,322,317) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions (3,254,096) Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (3,254,096) Deferred Inflow of resources related to lease receivable 281,187 Net Cash Used by Operating Activities \$ (123,267,924) SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables \$ (2,472,461) Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ (12,7795) <td>·</td> <td>1,267,598</td>	·	1,267,598
Lease rental receivable (3rd Party & Comp Units) Activity Inventories (289,634) (425) Other Assets 2,034,569 Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses 4,206,846 Unearned Revenue (336,568) Students' Deposits 38,845 Compensated Absences 515,088 Postretirement Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activity (23,119,003) Net Pension Activity (16,626,814) Other Liabilities (587,283) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (29,322,317) Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions 12,877,831 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (3,254,096) Deferred Inflow of resources related to lease receivable 281,187 Net Cash Used by Operating Activities \$ 123,267,924 SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES \$ 2,472,461 Capital Assets Included in Payables \$ 2,472,461 Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 1,989,459		
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Other Assets 2,034,569 Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses 4,206,846 Unearned Revenue (336,568) Students' Deposits 38,845 Compensated Absences 515,088 Postretirement Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activity (23,119,003) Net Pension Activity (16,626,814) Other Liabilities (587,283) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB 10,785,729 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (29,322,317) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions 12,877,831 Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (3,254,096) Deferred inflow of resources related to lease receivable 281,187 Net Cash Used by Operating Activities \$ (123,267,924) SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables \$ 2,472,461 Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 1,989,459	Lease rental receivable (3rd Party & Comp Units) Activity	, , ,
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Unearned Revenue (336,568) Students' Deposits Students' Deposits Compensated Absences Postretirement Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activity (23,119,003) Net Pension Activity Other Liabilities (587,283) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflow of resources related to Pensions Deferred Inflow of resources related to lease receivable Net Cash Used by Operating Activities SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$\frac{127,795}{1,989,459}\$	***************************************	,
Unearned Revenue Students' Deposits Compensated Absences Compensated Absences Postretirement Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activity (23,119,003) Net Pension Activity Other Liabilities (587,283) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (29,322,317) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflow of resources related to Pensions Deferred Inflow of resources related to Pensions Deferred Inflow of resources related to Pensions SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 127,795 Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Other Assets	2,034,569
Students' Deposits Compensated Absences Postretirement Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activity (23,119,003) Net Pension Activity Other Liabilities Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB (29,322,317) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred inflow of resources related to Pensions Deferred inflow of resources related to Pensions Deferred inflow of resources related to lease receivable Net Cash Used by Operating Activities SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 2,472,461 Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	4,206,846
Compensated Absences Postretirement Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activity (23,119,003) Net Pension Activity (16,626,814) Other Liabilities (587,283) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (29,322,317) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflow of resources related to Pensions Deferred inflow of resources related to lease receivable Net Cash Used by Operating Activities SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 2,472,461 Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Unearned Revenue	(336,568)
Postretirement Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activity Net Pension Activity Other Liabilities (587,283) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflow of resources related to Pensions Deferred Inflow of resources related to lease receivable Net Cash Used by Operating Activities SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 127,795 Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Students' Deposits	38,845
Net Pension Activity Other Liabilities Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflow of resources Related to Pensions Deferred inflow of resources related to lease receivable Net Cash Used by Operating Activities SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 2.472.461 Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Compensated Absences	515,088
Other Liabilities Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (29,322,317) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred inflow of resources related to lease receivable Net Cash Used by Operating Activities SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 2.472.461 Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Postretirement Benefits Liability (OPEB) Activity	(23,119,003)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (29,322,317) Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (3,254,096) Deferred inflow of resources related to lease receivable Net Cash Used by Operating Activities SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 2,472,461 Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Net Pension Activity	(16,626,814)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred inflow of resources related to lease receivable Net Cash Used by Operating Activities SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 12,877,831 281,187 \$ (123,267,924) \$ 2,472,461 Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 127,795 Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Other Liabilities	(587,283)
Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred inflow of resources related to lease receivable Ret Cash Used by Operating Activities SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 12,877,831 281,187 \$ (123,267,924) \$ 2,472,461 \$ 2,472,461 Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 127,795 Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB	10,785,729
Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions Deferred inflow of resources related to lease receivable Net Cash Used by Operating Activities SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB	(29,322,317)
Deferred inflow of resources related to lease receivable Net Cash Used by Operating Activities SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 127,795 Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions	12,877,831
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions	(3,254,096)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 127,795 Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Deferred inflow of resources related to lease receivable	 281,187
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 127,795 Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$ (123,267,924)
Capital Assets Included in Payables Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 127,795 Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF NONCASH CAPITAL	
Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units \$ 127,795 Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements \$ 1,989,459	Capital Assets Included in Payables	\$ 2,472,461
	Capital Assets Acquired by New ROU Leases with Comp Units	\$ 127,795
Capital Assets Acquired by Gift or Appropriation \$ 29,815	Capital Assets Acquired by New Subscription Agreements	\$ 1,989,459
	Capital Assets Acquired by Gift or Appropriation	\$ 29,815

COMMONWEALTH UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA COMBINED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION – COMPONENT UNITS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,509,677
Accounts Receivable	714,138
Prepaid Expenses and Inventories	1,487,263
Pledges Receivable	15,451,121
Due from University	43,316
Investments	110,978,826_
Total Current Assets	139,184,341
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Capital Assets, Net	36,251,688
Other Assets	7,402,103
Total Noncurrent Assets	43,653,791
Total Assets	\$ 182,838,132
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 1,403,909
Deferred Revenue	147,646
Annuity Liabilities	460,052
Due to University	1,001,799
Other Deposits Liability	2,193,072
Total Current Liabilities	5,206,478
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	
Long-Term Debt	32,881,015
Other Noncurrent Liabilities	1,763,140
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	34,644,155
Total Liabilities	39,850,633
NET ASSETS	
Without Donor Restrictions	26,173,081
With Donor Restrictions	116,814,418
Total Net Assets	142,987,499
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	<u>\$ 182,838,132</u>

COMMONWEALTH UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA COMBINED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – COMPONENT UNITS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS	
REVENUES AND OTHER ADDITIONS	
Contributions	\$ 376,029
Sales & Services	5,891,229
Student Fees	4,494,093
Grants and Contracts	2,877,360
Rental Income	6,076,047
Investment Return, Net	2,413,444
Other Revenues and Gains	2,606,751
Restrictions	 7,141,745
Total Revenues and Other Additions	31,876,698
EXPENSES AND OTHER DEDUCTIONS	
Program Services:	
Scholarships and Grants	5,335,567
Student Activities and Programs	5,384,102
University Stores	5,739,987
Housing	5,937,150
Other Programs	1,432,481
Management and General	4,189,621
Fundraising	 3,228,086
Total Expenses and Losses	 31,246,994
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS	629,704
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS	
Contributions	16,368,868
Investment Income	8,903,896
Other Revenue and Gains	381,930
Other Expenses and Losses	(503,612)
Net Assets Released from Restrictions	 (7,141,745)
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS	 18,009,337
CHANGE IN TOTAL NET ASSETS	18,639,041
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	 124,348,458
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 142,987,499

COMMONWEALTH UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA COMBINED STATEMENT OF EXPENSES BY NATURE AND FUNCTION – COMPONENT UNITS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Program Activities									
		Student								
		Activities								
	Scholarship	and	University		Other	Total	Management		Total	Total
Natural Expense	and Grants	Programs	Stores	Housing	Programs	Programs	and General	Fundraising	Supporting	Expenses
Salaries and Benefits	\$ -	\$ 667,732	\$ 889,175	\$ 682,874	\$ (22,635)	\$ 2,217,146	\$ 1,773,439	\$ 2,225,187	\$ 3,998,626	\$ 6,215,772
Gifts and Grants	5,335,567	85,920	-	-	96,645	5,518,132	289,174	8,994	298,168	5,816,300
Supplies and Travel	-	2,945,365	57,764	125,041	293,695	3,421,865	57,280	174,555	231,835	3,653,700
Services and Professional Fees	-	454,459	-	186,579	655,992	1,297,030	1,012,346	432,393	1,444,739	2,741,769
Office and Occupancy	-	6,160	452,414	1,706,039	18,699	2,183,312	230,155	22,305	252,460	2,435,772
Depreciation	-	6,683	71,660	1,741,746	43,485	1,863,574	253,541	37,836	291,377	2,154,951
Interest	-	-	-	1,243,552	-	1,243,552	220,468	36,808	257,276	1,500,828
Other		1,217,783	4,268,974	251,319	346,600	6,084,676	353,218	290,008	643,226	6,727,902
Total Expenses	\$ 5,335,567	\$ 5,384,102	\$ 5,739,987	\$ 5,937,150	\$ 1,432,481	\$ 23,829,287	\$ 4,189,621	\$ 3,228,086	\$ 7,417,707	\$ 31,246,994

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

The University is one of ten universities of the Pennsylvania State System of Higher Education (the State System). The State System was created by the State System of Higher Education Act of November 12, 1982, P.L. 660, No. 188, as amended (Act 188). The State System is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (the Commonwealth).

Reporting Entity

The University functions as a Business-Type Activity, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

The University has determined the Community Government Association of Bloomsburg University, Bloomsburg University Foundation, the Husky Research Corporation, Inc., College Community Services, Inc., Mansfield Auxiliary Corporation, Lock Haven University Foundation, Lock Haven Student Auxiliary Services, and Clearfield Educational Foundation, Inc. should be included in the University's financial statements as discretely presented component units. A component unit is a legally separate organization for which the primary institution is financially accountable or closely related.

The Community Government Association of Bloomsburg University is a legally separate, tax-exempt entity, which is responsible for the operations of the University Store, student, and community activities, and student housing. Although the University does not control the resources of the Association, the activities of the Association are solely for the benefit of the University and its students. Because these resources are held by the Association and can only be used to benefit the University and its students, the Association is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented in the University's financial statements. The financial activity of the Association is presented as of May 31, 2024.

The Bloomsburg University Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt entity, which acts primarily as a fundraising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the University in support of its programs. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources or income thereon that the Foundation holds and invests is restricted to activities of the University by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented in the University's financial statements. The financial activity of the Foundation is presented as of June 30, 2024.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

The Husky Research Corporation is a legally separate, tax-exempt entity, which is organized to administer grants, contracts, and special programs for the University. Because the Corporation exists for the benefit of the University and its students, the Corporation is considered a component unit of the University and is discretely presented in the University's financial statements. The financial activity of the Corporation is presented as of June 30, 2024. Complete financial statements for the Association, the Foundation, and the Corporation may be obtained at the University's administrative office.

College Community Services, Inc. (CCSI) is a legally separate tax-exempt entity that provides bookstore services to students and accounting services for student activity organizations including the Student Government Association. Because the economic resources received and held by CCSI are for the direct benefit of the University and the influence of the University over CCSI, CCSI is considered a component unit of the University and is included within the University's financial reporting entity. The financial activity of CCSI is presented as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Mansfield Auxiliary Corporation (MAC) is a legally separate tax-exempt entity that provides construction, operation, and management of student housing facilities or other projects for the benefit of the students of the University. Because the economic resources received and held by MAC are for the direct benefit of the University, MAC is considered a component unit of the University and is included within the University's financial reporting entity. The financial activity of MAC is presented as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The Lock Haven University Foundation, Clearfield Educational Foundation and Lock Haven Student Auxiliary Services are private nonprofit organizations reported in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) requirements, including FASB Codification Section 958-205, *Presentation of Financial Statements*. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the component units' financial information in the University's financial reporting entity for these differences.

Lock Haven Student Auxiliary Services (SAS) is the successor corporation to Commonwealth University of PA Student Cooperative Council, Inc. (the Council). SAS collects student activity fees and other miscellaneous revenues, which are allocated to clubs, organizations, athletic programs, and general administration. SAS also operates the Campus Bookstore and the Student Recreation Center.

SAS is a legally separate tax-exempt entity that is considered a component unit of the University and is included within the University's financial reporting entity because the economic resources received and held by SAS are for the direct benefit of the University and because of the influence the University has over SAS. The financial activity of SAS is presented as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity (Continued)

The Lock Haven University Foundation and Clearfield Educational Foundation are legally separate, tax-exempt entities that act as fundraising organizations to supplement the resources that are available to the University in support of its programs. In addition, the Lock Haven University Foundation develops and manages student housing facilities and the Durrwachter Alumni Conference Center. Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundations, the majority of resources or income thereon that the Foundations hold and invest related to their fundraising efforts are restricted by the donors to the activities of the University. Because these restricted resources held by both foundations can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the University, both foundations are considered component units of the University and are discretely presented in the University's financial statements. The financial activity of both foundations are presented as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as prescribed by GASB. The economic resources measurement focus reports all inflows, outflows, and balances that affect an entity's net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

The accompanying financial statements of the component units, which are all private nonprofit organizations, are reported in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) requirements, including Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-14, *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities,* an amendment of FASB Codification Topic 958, *Not-for-Profit-Entities.* As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications for these differences have been made to the component units' financial information presented herein.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

The University records tuition; all academic, instructional, and other student fees; student financial aid; auxiliary activity; and corporate partnerships as operating revenue. In addition, governmental and private grants and contracts in which the grantor receives equal value for the funds given to the University are recorded as operating revenue. All expenses, with the exception of interest expense, losses on the disposal of assets, and expenses associated with the closing of the Perkins Loan program are recorded as operating expenses. Appropriations, Pell grants, investment income, gifts for other than capital purposes and parking, and library fines are reported as nonoperating revenue.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

The balance sheet reports separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

Deferred Outflows of Resources, reported after Total Assets, is defined by GASB as a consumption of net position that applies to future periods. The expense is recognized in the applicable future period(s). Deferred Inflows of Resources, reported after Total Liabilities, is defined by GASB as an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods. The revenue is recognized in the applicable future period(s).

Transactions are classified as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources only when specifically prescribed by GASB standards.

The University is required to report the following as Deferred Outflows of Resources or Deferred Inflows of Resources.

- Deferred gain or loss on bond refunding, which results when the carrying value of a refunded bond is greater or less than its reacquisition price. The difference is deferred and amortized over the remaining life of the old bond or the life of the new bond, whichever is shorter.
- For defined benefit pension plans and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans: the difference between expected (actuarial) and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, net difference between projected (actuarial) and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments, changes in the University's proportion of expenses and liabilities to the pension and OPEB plans as a whole, differences between the University's pension and OPEB contributions and its proportionate share of contributions, and the University's pension and OPEB contributions subsequent to the pension or OPEB valuation measurement date.
- For lessor accounting: a deferred inflow of resources associated with leases where the University is a lessor, recognized as income over the term of the lease.

Net Position

Net position is the residual of assets, plus Deferred Outflows of Resources, less liabilities, less Deferred Inflows of Resources. The University maintains the following classifications of net position.

Net Investment in Capital Assets: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, repair, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – Nonexpendable: The portion of net position subject to externally imposed conditions requiring that it be maintained by the University in perpetuity.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Position (Continued)

Restricted – Expendable: The portion of net position use of which is subject to externally imposed conditions that can be fulfilled by the actions of the University or by the passage of time.

Unrestricted: All other categories of net position. Unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by the University's Council of Trustees.

When both restricted and unrestricted funds are available for expenditure, the restricted funds will be used first.

Cash Equivalents and Investments

The University considers all demand and time deposits, money market funds, and overnight repurchase agreements to be cash equivalents. Investments purchased are stated at fair value. Investments received as gifts are recorded at their fair value or appraised value as of the date of the gift. The University classifies investments as short-term when they are readily marketable and intended to be converted to cash within one year.

Accounts and Loans Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of tuition and fees charged to current and former students and amounts due from federal and state governments in connection with reimbursements of allowable expenditures made pursuant to grants, contracts, and other miscellaneous sources. Loans receivable consist of funds loaned to students under federal loan programs.

Accounts and loans receivable are reported at net realizable value. Accounts are written off when they are determined to be uncollectible based upon management's assessment of individual accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts is estimated based upon the University's historical losses and periodic review of individual accounts.

Inventories

Inventories consist mainly of supplies and stored fuels and are stated at the lower of cost or market, with cost determined principally on the weighted average method.

Capital Assets

Land and buildings at the University's campus acquired or constructed prior to the creation of the State System on July 1, 1983, are owned by the Commonwealth and made available to the University. Since the University neither owns such assets nor is responsible to service associated bond indebtedness, no value is ascribed thereto in the accompanying financial statements. Likewise, no value is ascribed to the portion of any land or buildings acquired or constructed utilizing capital funds appropriated by the Commonwealth after June 30, 1983, and made available to the University.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

All assets with a purchase cost, or acquisition value if acquired by gift, in excess of \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of two years or greater are capitalized. Buildings, portions of buildings, capital improvements, and equipment and furnishings acquired or constructed by the University after June 30, 1983, through the expenditure of University funds or the incurring of debt, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Equipment and furnishings are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Library books are capitalized on a composite basis in the year of purchase. Assets purchased under financed leases are recorded at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair value of the asset. Assets under right to use leases are recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments plus any other amounts that must be included per the GASB standards. The University provides for depreciation on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Buildings and improvements are depreciated over useful lives ranging from 10 to 40 years. Equipment and furnishings are depreciated over useful lives ranging from 3 to 10 years. Library books are depreciated over 10 years. Amortization of assets under right to use leases is included in depreciation and amortization expense over the shorter of the lease term or the life of the underlying asset. Normal repair and maintenance expenditures are not capitalized because they neither add to the value of the property nor materiality prolong its useful life.

The University does not capitalize collections of art, rare books, historical items, etc., as they are held for public exhibition, education, or research rather than financial gain.

Impairment of Capital Assets

Management reviews capital assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the service utility of an asset has declined significantly and unexpectedly. Any write-downs due to impairment are charged to operations at the time impairment is identified. No write-down of capital assets was required for the years ended June 30, 2024.

Leases and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

The University routinely engages in lease agreements or subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA) to meet operational needs. The University's lease contracts generally relate to land, buildings, and various equipment. For short-term leases and SBITAs with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the University recognizes periodic revenue or expense based on the provision of the lease contract or SBITA. For all other contracts where the University is the lessee, that meet the requirements of GASB 87 or GASB 96 and were in excess of the minimum dollar threshold, the University recognized a lease or subscription liability and an intangible right of use asset based on the present value of the future lease payments or subscription payments over the contracted term of the lease or SBITA. Lease and subscription right of use assets are reported with capital assets, and lease and subscription liabilities are reported as long-term debt in the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases and Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (Continued)

The right of use lease and subscription assets are amortized over the term of the lease or SBITA, as the University is not expected to lease assets beyond the underlying asset's useful life. The University also serves as a lessor for certain real estate. For those agreements required to be capitalized, the financial statements recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, based on the present value of the future lease payments expected to be received during the contracted lease term period and the deferred inflow of resources is amortized evenly over the term of the lease. Lease receivables are reported with other current assets and other noncurrent assets. Deferred inflow – lease receivable is reported as deferred inflow in the statement of net position.

The University uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases and SBITAs unless the rate the lessor charges is known. This rate is based on the general obligation bonds' weighted average interest rate for a given year. If amendments or other certain circumstances occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease or SBITA, the present value is remeasured, and corresponding adjustments made. Payments based on future performance are not included in the measurement of the lease or subscription liability or lease receivable but recognized as expense or revenue in the period performed. Residual value guarantees and exercise options will be included in the measurement if they are reasonably certain to be paid or exercised.

A minimum dollar threshold was established for lease reporting purposes of \$25,000.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue includes amounts for tuition and fees, grants, corporate sponsorship payments, and certain auxiliary activities received prior to the end of the fiscal year but earned in a subsequent accounting period.

Compensated Absences

The estimated cost of future payouts of annual leave and sick leave that employees have earned for services rendered, and which the employees may be entitled to receive upon termination or retirement, is recorded as a liability.

Pension Plans and OPEB Plans

Eligible employees of the University enroll in one of three available retirement plans immediately upon employment. The University also offers healthcare and tuition benefits to eligible employees upon employment, which vary depending upon the employee's labor group.

NOTE 1 NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Pension Plans and OPEB Plans (Continued)

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Employees' Retirement System (SERS) and Public-School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from SERS and PSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SERS and PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

For purposes of measuring the net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the System Plan, Retired Employees Health Program (REHP) and Premium Assistance Program (Premium Assistance) and additions to/deductions from the System Plan, REHP and Premium Assistance plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the System Plan, REHP and Premium Assistance plans.

For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Scholarships and Waivers

In accordance with a formula prescribed by the National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO), the State System allocates the cost of scholarships, waivers, and other student financial aid between discounts and allowances (netted against tuition and fees) and student aid expense. Scholarships and waivers of room and board fees are reported in auxiliary enterprises. The cost of tuition waivers granted to employees is reported as employees' benefits expense.

Income Taxes

The University, as a member of the State System, is tax-exempt; accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 CONDENSED COMPONENT UNITS INFORMATION

The following represents combining condensed statement of financial position information for the component units as of June 30, 2024.

	Bloomsburg															
	Community				Husky			LI	HU Student		Clearfield				College	
	Government	E	Bloomsburg	F	Research		LHU		Auxiliary		Education		Mansfield	C	Community	
	Association	1	Foundation	С	orporation		Foundation		Services	F	Foundation	Αι	uxiliary Corp	S	ervice Inc.	Total
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 10,990,48	3 \$	18,222,677	\$	-	\$	5,517,819	\$	108,973	\$	1,182,592	\$	178,844	\$	50,295	\$ 36,251,688
Other Assets	20,648,81	9	92,925,430		477,808		22,555,857		7,070,391		4,316		2,453,115		407,392	146,543,128
Due from University		-	-		-		-		43,316		-		-		-	43,316
Total Assets	\$ 31,639,30	7 \$	111,148,107	\$	477,808	\$	28,073,676	\$	7,222,680	\$	1,186,908	\$	2,631,959	\$	457,687	\$ 182,838,132
					<u>.</u>											<u>.</u>
Due to University	\$	- \$	-	\$	400,471	\$	443,358	\$	157,970	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,001,799
Long-Term Debt	9,408,43)	16,028,880		-		7,443,705		-		-		-		-	32,881,015
Derivative Financial Instrument,																
at Fair Value		-	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Other Liabilities	3,159,65)	789,117		4,097		1,044,688		699,349		-		1,465		269,453	5,967,819
Total Liabilities	12,568,08)	16,817,997		404,568		8,931,751		857,319		-		1,465		269,453	39,850,633
Net Assets:																
Without Donor Restrictions	19,071,22	7	3,826,882		73,240		(7,051,745)		6,247,841		1,186,908		2,630,494		188,234	26,173,081
With Donor Restrictions	,	_	90,503,228				26,193,670		117,520		-		_,,,,,,,,,,		-	116,814,418
Total Net Assets	19,071,22	_	94,330,110		73,240	_	19,141,925		6,365,361	_	1,186,908		2,630,494		188,234	 142,987,499
. 512 151/165616	.0,011,22		3 1,000,110		. 5,240		.5,,520		5,555,001	_	.,,		2,000,404		.55,204	 2,00.,400
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 31,639,30	7 \$	111,148,107	\$	477,808	\$	28,073,676	\$	7,222,680	\$	1,186,908	\$	2,631,959	\$	457,687	\$ 182,838,132

NOTE 2 CONDENSED COMPONENT UNITS INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

The following represents combining statement of activities for the component units for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Bloomsbu Communi Governme Associatio	ty ent		loomsburg oundation		Husky Research Corporation	F	LHU Foundation	HU Student Auxiliary Services	E	Clearfield Education oundation		Mansfield Ixiliary Corp	College Community ervice Inc.		Total
Changes in Net Assets														 		
Without Donor																
Restrictions																
Revenues and Other Additions:																
Contributions	\$	-	\$	181,200	\$	-	\$	64,235	\$ -	\$	45,350	\$	3,308	\$ 81,936	\$	376,029
Sales & Services	4,993	,403		175,562		286,927		-	326,917		_		_	108,420		5,891,229
Student Fees	2,059	,858,		_		-		-	1,419,056		-		-	1,015,179		4,494,093
Grants and Contracts		-		2,554,580		322,780		-	_		-		-	-		2,877,360
Rental Income	2,125	,467		1,969,699				1,980,881	_		-		-	_		6,076,047
Investment Return, Net	505	,410		1,208,804		3,880		7,335	417,329		_		270,666	20		2,413,444
Other Revenues and Gains	472	,199		129,813				1,686,042	286,859		_		· -	31.838		2,606,751
Net Assets Released from		,		.,.				, , -	,					, , , , , ,		,,
Restrictions		-		5,649,720		_		1,490,738	1,287		_		_	_		7,141,745
Total Revenues and Other			-	0,010,10				1,100,100	 -,		_		_			.,,.
Additions	10,156	,337		11,869,378		613,587		5,229,231	2,451,448		45,350		273,974	1,237,393		31,876,698
Expenses and Other Deductions: Program Services:																
Scholarships and Grants		-		4,148,039		-		1,121,178	_		41,350		25,000	-		5,335,567
Student Activities and Programs	2,037	.102		1,543,206		_		-	991,140		-		-	812,654		5,384,102
University Stores	5,110			-		_		_	456,678		_		_	172,899		5,739,987
Housing	1,728			1,750,217		_		2,458,449	-		_		_			5,937,150
Other Programs		,635		-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		573,398		691,801	_		_		11,647	_		1,432,481
Management and General	1,000			1,648,820		44,112		610,853	640,147		1,780		157,287	85,626		4,189,621
Fundraising	1,000	,000		2,568,805				659,266	040,147		15		107,207	-		3,228,086
Total Expenses and Losses	10,032	627		11,659,087		617,510		5,541,547	 2,087,965		43,145	-	193,934	 1,071,179	_	31,246,994
Change in Net Assets Without Donor	10,002	,021		11,000,007	_	017,010		0,041,041	 2,001,000		40,140		100,004	 1,071,170		01,240,004
Restrictions	123	,710		210,291		(3,923)		(312,316)	363,483		2,205		80,040	166,214		629,704
Changes in Net Assets with Donor Restrictions																
Contributions		-		13,657,926		-		2,685,492	25,450		-		-	-		16,368,868
Investment Income		-		6,581,315		-		2,322,581	-		-		-	-		8,903,896
Other Revenue and Gains		-		301,399		-		80,531	-		-		-	-		381,930
Other Expenses and Losses		-		-		-		(503,612)	-		-		-	-		(503,612)
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		-		(5,649,720)		-		(1,490,738)	(1,287)		-					(7,141,745)
Changes in Net Assets with																
Donor Restrictions				14,890,920				3,094,254	 24,163					 		18,009,337
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	123	,710		15,101,211		(3,923)		2,781,938	387,646		2,205		80,040	166,214		18,639,041
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	18,947	,517		79,228,899		77,163		16,359,987	5,977,715		1,184,703		2,550,454	22,020		124,348,458
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 19,071	,227	\$	94,330,110	\$	73,240	\$	19,141,925	\$ 6,365,361	\$	1,186,908	\$	2,630,494	\$ 188,234	\$	142,987,499

^{*} Information for The Association is presented as of May 31, 2024.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The University predominantly maintains its cash balances on deposit with the State System. The State System maintains these and other State System funds on a pooled basis. Although the State System pools its funds in a manner similar to an internal investment pool, individual State System entities do not hold title to any assets in the fund. The State System as a whole owns title to all assets. The University does not participate in the unrealized gains or losses on the investment pool; instead, the University holds shares equal to its cash balance. Each share has a constant value of \$1, and income is allocated based on the number of shares owned. Revenue realized at the State System level is calculated on a daily basis and posted monthly to each entity's account as interest income. The University's portion of pooled funds totals \$98,594,012 at June 30, 2024. Included in the University's portion of pooled funds are \$5,291,148 of amounts held on behalf of the Association at June 30, 2024.

The State System invests its funds in accordance with board of governors' policy 1986-02-A, *Investment*, which authorizes the State System to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, repurchase agreements, commercial paper, certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, U.S. money market funds, municipal bonds, corporate bonds, collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs), asset-backed securities, and internal loan funds. Restricted nonexpendable funds and amounts designated by the board may be invested in the investments described above, as well as in corporate equities and approved pooled common funds. In addition, the University may accept gifts of investments from donors as long as risk is limited to the investment itself. Restricted gifts of investments fall outside the scope of the investment policy.

In keeping with its legal status as a system of public universities, the State System recognizes a fiduciary responsibility to invest all funds prudently and in accordance with ethical and prevailing legal standards. Investment decisions are intended to minimize risk while maximizing asset value. Adequate liquidity is maintained so that assets can be held to maturity. High quality investments are preferred. Reasonable portfolio diversification is pursued to ensure that no single security or investment or class of securities or investments will have a disproportionate or significant impact on the total portfolio. Investments may be made in U.S. dollar-denominated debt of high-quality U.S. and non U.S. corporations. Investment performance is monitored on a frequent and regular basis to ensure that objectives are attained, and guidelines are followed.

Safety of principal and liquidity are the top priorities for the investment of the State System's operating funds. Within those guidelines, income optimization is pursued. Speculative investment activity is not allowed; this includes investing in asset classes such as commodities, futures, short sales, equities, real or personal property, options, venture capital investments, private placements, letter stocks, and unlisted securities.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The State System's operating funds are invested and reinvested in the following types of instruments with qualifications as provided. (See *Board of Governors' Policy 1986-02-A, Investment*, for a complete list of and more details on permissible investments and associated qualifications.)

Investment Categories	Qualifications/Moody's Ratings Requirements						
United States Government Securities	Together with repurchase agreements must comprise at						
Office offices Government occurries	least 20% of the market value of the fund.						
	Underlying collateral must be direct obligations of the						
Repurchase Agreements	United States Treasury and be in the State System's or						
	its agent's custody.						
	P-1 and P-2 notes only, with no more than 5% and 3%,						
Commercial Paper	respectively, of the market value of the fund invested in						
Gommercial Laper	any single issuer. Total may not exceed 20% of the						
	market value of the fund.						
Municipal Bonds	Bonds must carry long-term debt rating of A or better.						
Warnolpai Borido	Total may not exceed 20% of the market value of the fund.						
	15% must carry long-term debt rating of A or better; 5%						
Corporate Bonds	may be rated Baa2 or better. Total may not exceed 20%						
	of the market value of the fund.						
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs)	Must be rated Aaa and guaranteed by U.S. government.						
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations (CMOs)	Total may not exceed 20% of the market value of the fund.						
	Must be Aaa rated. Total may not exceed 20% of the						
Asset-Backed Securities	market value of the fund, with no more than 5% invested						
	in any single issuer.						
System Investment Fund Loans	Total may not exceed 20% of the market value of the fund,						
(University Loans and Bridge Notes)	and loan terms may not exceed five years.						

CMO Risk

CMOs sometimes are based on cash flows from interest-only (IO) payments or principalonly (PO) payments and are sensitive to prepayment risks. The CMOs in the State System's portfolio do not have IO or PO structures; however, they are subject to extension or contraction risk based on movements in interest rates.

Moody's Rating

The State System uses ratings from Moody's Investors Service, Inc., to indicate the credit risk of investments, i.e., the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. An Aaa rating indicates the highest quality obligations with minimal credit risk. Ratings that begin with Aa indicate high quality obligations subject to very low credit risk; ratings that begin with A indicate upper-medium-grade obligations subject to low credit risk; and ratings that begin with Baa indicate medium-grade obligations, subject to moderate credit risk, that may possess certain speculative characteristics. Moody's appends the ratings with numerical modifiers 1, 2, and 3, with 1 indicating a higher ranking and 3 indicating a lower ranking within the category. For short-term obligations, a rating of P-1 indicates that issuers have a superior ability to repay short-term debt obligations.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Modified Duration

The State System denotes interest rate risk, or the risk that changes in interest rates will affect the fair value of an investment, using modified duration. Duration is a measurement in years of how long it takes for the price of a bond to be repaid by its internal cash flows. Modified duration takes into account changing interest rates. The State System maintains a portfolio duration target of 1.8 years with an upper limit of 2.5 years for the intermediate-term component of the operating portion of the investment portfolio. The State System's duration targets are not applicable to its long-term investments.

Fair Value Hierarchy

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, requires that investments be classified according to a "fair value hierarchy." With respect to Statement No. 72's fair value hierarchy, GASB defines "inputs" as "the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability, including assumptions about risk." Statement No. 72 further categorizes inputs as observable or unobservable: Observable inputs are "inputs that are developed using market data, such as publicly available information about actual events or transactions, and which reflect the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability"; Unobservable inputs are "inputs for which market data are not available and that are developed using the best information available about the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability."

Statement No. 72's fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three "levels":

Level 1 – Investments whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market, such as stocks listed in the S&P 500 or NASDAQ. If an up-to-date price of the investment can be found on a major exchange, it is a Level 1 investment.

Level 2 – Investments whose values are based on their quoted prices in inactive markets or whose values are based on models, and the inputs to those models are observable either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Investments that trade infrequently, and as a result do not have many reliable market prices. Valuations of Level 3 investments typically are based on management assumptions or expectations. For example, a private equity investment or complex derivative would likely be a Level 3 investment.

In addition, the fair value of certain investments that do not have a readily determinable fair value is classified as NAV, meaning Net Asset Value per share, when the fair value is calculated in a manner consistent with the Financial Accounting Standards Board's measurement principles for investment companies.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair Value Hierarchy (Continued)

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt and equity securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Securities classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy lack an independent pricing source and so are valued using an internal fair value as provided by the investment manager.

Commonfund investments, held locally by some of the universities, are valued based upon the unit values (NAV) of the funds held by the universities at year-end. Unit values are based upon the underlying assets of the funds derived from inputs principally from or corroborated by observable market data, by correlation, or other means. Redemption restrictions for the Commonfund vary, depending upon the type of fund in which the universities have invested, and are restricted to withdrawals only on a weekly basis or the last business day of the month. All withdrawals require five days' notice. Both the Multi-Strategy Equity Fund and the High-Quality Bond Fund, held by the University, are restricted to withdrawals on the last day of business of the month.

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial Credit Risk is the risk that in the event of failure, the University would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Management believes they are not exposed to this credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The University does not have a formal investment policy for concentration of credit risk. At June 30, 2024, the University had the following investments which exceeded 5% of the Universities total investments:

			Percentage of
			Total Long-Term
Issuer	Type of Investment	 Amount	Investments
Commonfund	Multi-Strategy Equity Fund	\$ 245,455	25%
Commonfund	Multi-Strategy Bond Fund	752,756	75%

Detailed information regarding the fair value of the State System pooled deposits and investment portfolio is available in the financial statements of the State System, which can be found at www.passhe.edu. The University had \$449,567 local investments recorded as fair value as of June 30, 2024 classified as Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Investment revenue is reported net of related investment expenses. Investment expenses for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$26,378.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Demand and Time Deposits

On June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the University's demand and time deposits were \$624,789, as compared to bank balances of \$682,401. The differences are primarily caused by items in-transit and outstanding checks. Of the bank balances at June 30, 2024, \$250,000 was covered by federal government depository insurance; \$-0- were uninsured and uncollateralized; and \$432,401, was uninsured and uncollateralized but covered under the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Act 72 of 1971 (Act 72), as amended. Act 72 allows banking institutions to satisfy the collateralization required by pooling eligible investments to cover total public funds on deposit in excess of federal insurance. Such pooled collateral is pledged with the financial institutions' trust departments. At June 30, 2024, none of the University's demand and time deposits is exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTE 4 LEASE RECEIVABLES

The University routinely leases various land or facilities to third parties and component units. The contracts, at times, may include variable payments that are not known or certain to be exercised at the time of the lease receivable valuation. These are recognized as income in the period that they occur. The leases expire at various dates through 2046 and annual installment payments total between \$23,760 and \$44,363 plus interest at a rate of 1.5%.

The lease revenue and interest income for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are summarized in the following schedule.

	<u> </u>	rd Parties
Lease Revenue	\$	175,139
Lease Revenue - Variable		29,568
Interest Income		43,968
Total	\$	248,675

The following summary provides aggregated information reported for June 30, 2024 lease receivables including additions, reductions for the years then ended.

	Balance	2023-24	2023-24	Balance
	_ June 30, 2023_	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2024
Leases, Third Parties	\$ 1,895,147	\$ 456,154	\$ (166,520)	\$ 2,184,781
Total	\$ 1,895,147	\$ 456,154	\$ (166,520)	\$ 2,184,781

NOTE 5 CAPITAL ASSETS

Classifications of capital assets and related depreciation and amortization at June 30, 2024, follow.

	Balance June 30, 2023	2023-24 Additions	2023-24 Retirements/ Adjustments	2023-24 Reclassifications	Balance June 30, 2024
Land	\$ 7,828,496	\$ -	\$ (7,797)	\$ -	\$ 7,820,699
Construction in Progress	7,059,467	3,938,988	(127,359)	(5,353,788)	5,517,308
Total Capital Assets Not					
Being Depreciated	14,887,963	3,938,988	(135,156)	(5,353,788)	13,338,007
Buildings, Including Improvements Improvements Other Than	569,597,570	2,705,963	(8,837,334)	4,533,911	568,000,110
Buildings (Land and Improvements) Furnishings and Equipment,	78,528,536	1,168,847	(3,987,393)	819,877	76,529,867
Including Capital Leases	64,548,720	3,164,906	(1,869,242)	-	65,844,384
Library Books	14,449,038	126,365	(115,433)	-	14,459,970
Right-to-Use Assets Land	690,246	-	-	-	690,246
Right-to-Use Assets Building	2,805,854	127,795	(91,329)	-	2,842,320
Right-to-Use Assets Equipment	554,827	-	-	-	554,827
Subscription Assets	8,473,375	1,989,459	(160,568)		10,302,266
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated and Amortized	739,648,166	9,283,335	(15,061,299)	5,353,788	739,223,990
Less: Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization:					
Buildings, Including Improvements	(259,431,224)	(18,448,615)	7,594,131	-	(270,285,708)
Land Improvements	(45,358,184)	(3,114,468)	3,259,252	-	(45,213,400)
Furnishings and Equipment					
Including Capital Leases	(56,482,567)	(3,408,430)	1,773,006	-	(58,117,991)
Library Books	(13,705,529)	(169,590)	115,433	-	(13,759,686)
Right-to-Use Assets Land	(414,148)	(138,049)	-	-	(552,197)
Right-to-Use Assets Building	(1,683,578)	(734,467)	91,329	-	(2,326,716)
Right-to-Use Assets Equipment	(110,965)	(110,965)	-	-	(221,930)
Subscription Assets	(1,648,533)	(2,522,419)	160,568		(4,010,384)
Total Accumulated					
Depreciation and Amortization	(378,834,727)	(28,647,003)	12,993,719		(394,488,011)
Total Capital Assets Being					
Depreciated and Amortized, Net	360,813,439	(19,363,668)	(2,067,580)	5,353,788	344,735,979
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 375,701,402	\$ (15,424,680)	\$ (2,202,736)	\$ -	\$ 358,073,986

NOTE 6 ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following at June 30, 2024:

Employees	\$ 16,041,917
Suppliers and Service	13,736,994
Interest	358,733
Other	 281,617
Total	\$ 30,419,261

NOTE 7 UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue consisted of the following at June 30, 2024:

	 Current	N	loncurrent
Student Tuition and Fees	\$ 7,147,777	\$	-
Sales and Services	160,105		-
Grants	205,146		-
Federal Appropriation	5,120,051		-
Food Service Contract	634,095		245,276
Other	 263,383		_
Total	\$ 13,530,557	\$	245,276

NOTE 8 DEBT OBLIGATIONS

Bonds payable consist of tax-exempt revenue bonds issued by the State System through the Pennsylvania Higher Educational Facilities Authority (PHEFA). In connection with the bond issuances, the State System entered into loan agreements with PHEFA on behalf of the University under which the State System has pledged its full faith and credit for the repayment of the bonds. The loan constitutes an unsecured general obligation of the State System. The State System's board of governors has allocated portions of certain bond issuances to the University to undertake various capital projects or to advance refund certain previously issued bonds. The University is responsible for the repayment of principal and interest on its applicable portion of each obligation.

The various bond series allocated to the University for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Weighted Average Interest Rate			Bonds Bonds Redeemed/ Issued Refunded		Balance June 30, 2024		Cur	rent Portion_		
Series AP issued in May 2014											
final maturity June 2024	5.00%	\$	364,693	\$	-	\$	(364,693)	\$	-	\$	-
Series AQ issued in May 2015											
final maturity June 2036	4.06%		2,136,727		-		(727,409)		1,409,318		763,886
Series AR issued in September 2015											
final maturity June 2040	3.70%		7,505,295		-		(402,107)		7,103,188		420,383
Series AT issued in September 2016											
final maturity June 2055	3.47%	1	34,485,646		-		(4,585,185)		129,900,461		4,818,440
Series AU issued in September 2017											
final maturity June 2042	3.42%		27,050,000		-		(2,185,000)		24,865,000		2,290,000
Series AV issued in September 2018											
final maturity June 2045	4.10%		122,616		-		(122,616)		-		-
Series AW issued in September 2019											
final maturity June 2044	4.44%		5,502,935		-		(3,214,685)		2,288,250		414,480
Series AX issued in July 2020											
final maturity June 2042	3.58%		1,202,962		-		(93,447)		1,109,515		100,382
Series AY issued in October 2020											
final maturity June 2036	1.72%		10,544,131				(1,260,110)		9,284,021		1,270,307
Total Bonds Payable		\$ 1	88,915,005	\$		\$	(12,955,252)		175,959,753	\$	10,077,878
Plus: Unamortized Bond Premium Costs, Net									12,352,318		
Outstanding - End of Year								\$	188.312.071		

NOTE 8 DEBT OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Principal and interest maturities for each of the next five years and in subsequent five-year periods ending June 30 are as follows:

Series		2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030-2034	2035-2039	2040-2044	2045-2049	2050-2054	2055-2059	Total
AQ	Principal Interest	\$ 763,886 70,466 834,352	\$ 645,432 32,272 677,704	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ 1,409,318 102,738 1,512,056
AR	Principal Interest	420,383 289,656 710,039	438,659 271,560 710,22		462,041 248,401 710,442	473,732 236,294 710,026	2,590,597 960,301 3,550,898	1,901,075 335,347 2,236,422	366,351 14,654 381,005	-			7,103,188 2,616,371 9,719,559
AT	Principal Interest	4,818,440 5,179,442 9,997,882	5,056,694 4,938,520 9,995,214	4,685,685	5,578,203 4,420,188 9,998,391	5,858,109 4,141,277 9,999,386	33,787,427 16,218,436 50,005,863	38,221,639 8,982,679 47,204,318	24,220,000 3,444,550 27,664,550	2,890,000 1,476,400 4,366,400	3,680,000 690,000 4,370,000	480,000 24,000 504,000	129,900,461 54,201,177 184,101,638
AU	Principal Interest	2,290,000 1,000,200 3,290,200	2,405,000 885,700 3,290,700	765,450	2,650,000 639,200 3,289,200	2,785,000 506,700 3,291,700	12,210,000 959,450 13,169,450	-					24,865,000 4,756,700 29,621,700
AW	Principal Interest	414,480 114,413 528,893	437,180 93,688 530,868	71,830	478,783 49,073 527,856	502,686 25,134 527,820							2,288,250 354,138 2,642,388
AX	Principal Interest	100,382 46,676 147,058	102,317 41,657 143,974	36,541	116,692 31,066 147,758	124,132 25,231 149,363	466,488 50,174 516,662	90,000 1,800 91,800					1,109,515 233,145 1,342,660
AY	Principal Interest	1,270,307 153,449 1,423,756	1,284,875 139,158 1,424,033	121,491	1,321,293 101,956 1,423,249	1,344,603 80,485 1,425,088	2,760,587 86,580 2,847,167	-		-		-	9,284,021 683,119 9,967,140
Total	Principal Interest	10,077,878 6,854,302 \$ 16,932,180	10,370,157 6,402,557 \$ 16,772,714	5,941,153	10,607,012 5,489,884 \$ 16,096,896	11,088,262 5,015,121 \$ 16,103,383	51,815,099 18,274,941 \$ 70,090,040	40,212,714 9,319,826 \$ 49,532,540	24,586,351 3,459,204 \$ 28,045,555	2,890,000 1,476,400 \$ 4,366,400	3,680,000 690,000 \$ 4,370,000	480,000 24,000 \$ 504,000	175,959,753 62,947,388 \$ 238,907,141

The University participates in the State System's Academic Facilities Renovation Bond Program (AFRP), which was established for the purpose of renovating the academic facilities across the State System. The State System will issue bonds to provide a pool for funding for AFRP (\$1,788,812 was outstanding as of June 30, 2024). Universities can request funds for AFRP projects in accordance with their pre-approved amount of funding from the pool. Repayments to the pool are made annually based on the University's proportionate share of the total allocation of funds under the program.

Changes in the balance owed by the University to the AFRP pool of funding were as follows:

Balance at July 1	\$ 448,916
Repayments	 (127,622)
Balance at June 30	\$ 321,294

NOTE 9 COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Compensated absences activity consisted of the following during 2024:

	Current	Noncurrent		
Compensated Absences	\$ 3,283,120	\$ 15,785,326		
Total	\$ 3,283,120	\$ 15,785,326		

NOTE 9 COMPENSATED ABSENCES (CONTINUED)

Changes in the compensated absence liability were as follows:

Balance - July 1	\$ 18,553,357
Current Changes in Estimate	1,616,726
Payouts	(1,101,637)
Balance - June 30	\$ 19,068,446

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are benefits, such as healthcare benefits, that are paid in the period after employment and that are provided separately from a pension plan. OPEB does not include termination benefits or termination payments for sick leave.

University employees who retire after meeting specified service and age requirements are eligible to receive healthcare and tuition benefits in retirement. Employee members of the Association of Pennsylvania State College and University Faculties (APSCUF), the State College and University Professional Association (SCUPA), Security Police and Fire Professionals of America (SPFPA), Office and Professional Employees International Union (OPEIU), and nonrepresented employees participate in a defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the State System (System Plan). Employee members of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME), Pennsylvania Doctors Alliance (PDA), and Pennsylvania Social Services Union (PSSU) participate in the Retired Employees Health Program (REHP), which is a defined benefit healthcare plan sponsored by the Commonwealth and administered by the Pennsylvania Employee Benefits Trust Fund (PEBTF).

In addition to the above, any employee who participates in the Public-School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) pension plan is eligible to receive benefits from the PSERS Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program (Premium Assistance), a defined benefit plan, and all eligible retirees and their eligible dependents receive tuition waivers at any of the 10 State System universities.

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Following is the total of the University's OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and the OPEB expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

	SSHE Plan	REHP	PSERS	Total
Net OPEB Liabilities	\$ 134,543,769	\$ 41,362,700	\$ 584,942	\$ 176,491,411
Deferred Outflows of Resources:				
Net Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Investment Earnings on OPEB				
Plan Investments	-	40,563	1,243	41,806
Difference Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	-	1,578,446	3,906	1,582,352
Changes in Assumptions	9,628,895	2,884,189	50,594	12,563,678
Changes in Proportion	-	-	21,658	21,658
Contributions After the Measurement Date	4,365,125	 3,324,588	32,565	7,722,278
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 13,994,020	\$ 7,827,786	\$ 109,966	\$ 21,931,772
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Net Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Investment Earnings on OPEB				
Plan Investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Difference Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	24,334,432	12,519,577	5,858	36,859,867
Changes in Assumptions	36,211,739	10,926,732	110,598	47,249,069
Changes in Proportion	-	 23,809,269	22,901	23,832,170
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 60,546,171	\$ 47,255,578	\$ 139,357	\$ 107,941,106
OPEB Expense	\$ (14,864,691)	\$ (19,073,154)	\$ 21,397	\$ (33,916,448)
Contributions Recognized by OPEB Plans	\$ 4,365,125	\$ 3,324,588	\$ 32,565	\$ 7,722,278

The University will recognize the deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions after the measurement date, totaling \$4,365,125 for the System Plan, \$3,324,588 for the REHP plan, and \$32,565 for the PSERS OPEB plan, as reductions of the respective net OPEB liabilities in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Amortization					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	SSHE	REHP		PSER		
2025	\$ (12,296,864)	\$ (13,271,310)	\$	(10,119)		
2026	(14,708,414)	(9,785,347)		(14,024)		
2027	(12,082,195)	(9,554,437)		(19,350)		
2028	(12,082,195)	(6,659,536)		(19,883)		
2029	252,392	(3,481,750)		1,420		
Thereafter	-	<u>-</u>		_		

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

System Plan

Plan Description

The System Plan is a single employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the System Office. Act 188 empowers the board to establish and amend benefit provisions and to require the System Office to pay OPEB as the benefits come due. The System Office discretely accounts for and accumulates all System Plan contributions that have been collected from the universities (employer) and retirees, but not yet been paid to the provider; however, the System Plan has no assets accumulated in a trust in which the employer contributions are irrevocable, are dedicated to providing OPEB to plan members, or are legally protected from creditors.

The System Plan provides eligible retirees and their eligible dependents with healthcare benefits, including hospital, medical/surgical, prescription drugs, and major medical coverage, as well as a Medicare supplement for individuals over age 65. Retirees receive varying coverages based on the benefits in effect when they retired, and benefits may continue for the retiree's lifetime. Spouse benefits cease upon the retiree's death, but the surviving spouse may continue coverage at full cost. Nonspouse dependents may be covered until age 19 or until age 25 if a certified full-time student. SCUPA, SPFPA, OPEIU, and nonrepresented employees whose retirement date is on or after January 1, 2016, and APSCUF employees whose retirement date is on or after July 1, 2017, receive the same pre-Medicare benefits as active employees, with benefits changing as active employee benefits change. All other pre-Medicare retirees continue to receive the same benefits to which they were entitled at retirement.

A total of 11,307 individuals are covered by the benefit terms (down from 11,872 in the prior actuarial valuation) including 5,817 active employees that may be entitled to receive benefit payments upon retirement, 314 retired participants entitled to but not yet receiving benefits, and 5,176 retired participants receiving benefits.

Effective January 16, 2016, the State System OPEB plan became closed to newly hired SCUPA, SPFPA, OPEIU, and nonrepresented employees, while newly hired APSCUF employees (faculty and coaches) continue to be eligible to participate in the plan.

Funding Policy

Plan members receiving benefits contribute at various rates, depending upon when they retire, whether they are eligible for Medicare, the contribution rate in effect on the day of their retirement or the contribution rate for active employees, and applicable collective bargaining agreements.

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

System Plan (Continued)

Funding Policy (Continued)

Following are the contribution rates of eligible plan members receiving benefits as of June 30, 2024:

- Plan members who retired prior to July 1, 2005, are not required to make contributions.
- Plan members, with the exception of nonfaculty coaches, who retired on or after July 1, 2005, and prior to July 1, 2008, and who are under age 65, pay the same dollar amount they paid as active employees on the day of retirement. When these plan members become eligible for Medicare, they pay 18% of the current cost of their Medicare coverage and current cost of coverage for covered dependents. The rate changes annually, and future adjustments will apply if contributions increase for active employees.
- Plan members, with the exception of nonfaculty coaches, who retire on or after July 1, 2008, pay 18% of the plan premium in effect for active employees on their retirement date. Future adjustments will apply if contributions increase for active employees.
- Nonfaculty coaches who retired on or after July 1, 2005, pay 3.0% of their final annual gross salary at the time of retirement.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The System performs actuarial valuations every two years for the System Plan and utilizes a measurement date that is the first day of its current fiscal year-end. The actuarial valuation on which the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024 is based is dated July 1, 2022, which is the measurement date. The total OPEB liability was measured using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

- Healthcare cost trend rate of 7.0% in 2023, with 0.5% decrease per year until 5.5% in 2026 to 4.1% in 2075 and later, based on the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model
- Annual salary increase of 4%.
- 90% of employees eligible for a subsidy and 15% of employees not eligible for a subsidy are assumed to elect coverage. 75% of vested former members who have not yet reached age 65 are assumed to begin electing coverage at age 65.
- The per capita claims cost for medical and prescription drugs is based on the expected portion of the group's overall cost attributed to individuals in specified age and gender brackets.
- Retiree premium cost sharing for retired participants covered under "Other Less Subsidized Health Coverage" is assumed to remain at 18% and increase at the same rate as the Health Care Cost Trend Rate. Otherwise, retiree premium cost sharing is not assumed to increase after retirement.

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

System Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

- APSCUF Mortality rates based on the PubG-2010 Mortality Table, including rates for contingent survivors, and which incorporates rates based on a generational projection using Scale MP-2020 to reflect mortality improvement.
- The discount rate increased from 4.06% to 4.13%, based on S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index at July 1, 2023.
- Participant data is based on census information as of July 1, 2022.
- Rates of withdrawal vary by age and years of service.
- Costs have been loaded by 0.5% to account for tuition waiver benefits, which are offered to all eligible retirees, regardless of employee bargaining unit when active, and including those not represented when active, who meet years of service and/or age criteria.

The following presents the System Plan's net OPEB liability at June 30, 2024, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower 6.0% decreasing to 3.1%) or one percentage point higher (8.0% decreasing to 5.1%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (7.0% decreasing to 4.1%).

Sensitivity of the System Plan's Proportionate Share of the University's Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (in Thousands)

110t Of EB Elability to Orlanges in the recallineare Cost French Nate (in Friedsands)							
	1%	Decrease	Hea	Ithcare Cost	1%	6 Increase	
	(6.0%	decreasing	Trend	Trend Rates (7.0%		decreasing	
	t	to 3.1%)		decreasing to 4.1%)		to 5.1%)	
2024	\$	113,283	\$	134,544	\$	161,490	

The following presents the University's net OPEB liability as June 30, 2024, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.13%) or one percentage point higher (5.13%) than the current discount rate (4.13%).

Sensitivity of the System Plan's Proportionate Share of the University's Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (in Thousands)

		, - ,					
	1%	1% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increase	
		3.13%		4.13%		5.13%	
2024	\$	154,354	\$	134,544	\$	118,333	

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

System Plan (Continued)

OPEB Liability

The University's share of the System Plan's total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024 of \$134,543,769 was measured and determined as of July 1, 2022.

Changes in the System Plan Total OPEB Liability	Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024			
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning Balance	\$	133,264,440		
Service Cost	,	3.747.649		
Interest		5,441,121		
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience		_		
Changes in Assumptions		1,558,683		
Benefit Payments		(9,468,124)		
Net Changes		1,279,329		
Total OPEB Liability - Ending Balance	\$	134,543,769		
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	73,970,769		
OPEB Liability as a Percent of Covered Payroll		181.89%		

REHP

Plan Description

The Retired Employees Health Program (REHP) is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan that includes Commonwealth agencies and some component units. The REHP is established as a trust equivalent arrangement. The REHP is administered by the Pennsylvania Employees Benefit Trust Fund (PEBTF), which acts as a third-party administrator under an agreement with the Commonwealth. The REHP is provided as part of collective bargaining agreements with most Commonwealth labor unions. All policy decisions and types and levels of benefits for the REHP fall under the purview of the Commonwealth's Executive Board and the Secretary of Administration. The REHP does not have a governing board. The REHP neither issues a stand-alone financial report nor is it included in the report of a public employee retirement system or other entity but is reported in the Commonwealth's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) as a Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust. The REHP is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The CAFR is an audited financial statement and is available at www.budget.pa.us.

The REHP provides eligible retirees and their eligible dependents with subsidized healthcare for the retiree's lifetime. Benefits include healthcare, including hospital, medical/surgical, prescription drugs, and major medical coverage, as well as a Medicare supplement for individuals over age 65. Retirees receive varying coverages based on the plan they choose. Spouse benefits cease upon the retiree's death, but the surviving spouse may continue coverage at full cost. Nonspouse dependents may be covered until age 26.

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

REHP (Continued)

Funding Policy

Plan members receiving benefits contribute at various rates, depending upon when they retire, whether they are eligible for Medicare, and their salary at retirement. Following are the contribution rates of eligible plan members receiving benefits as of June 30, 2024.

- Plan members who retired prior to July 1, 2005, are not required to make contributions.
- Plan members who retired on or after July 1, 2005, and prior to July 1, 2007, pay 1% of their final annual salary.
- Plan members who retired on or after July 1, 2007, and prior to July 1, 2011, pay 3% of either final gross annual base salary or final average salary, whichever is less. Members eligible for Medicare pay 1.5% of either final gross annual base salary or final average salary, whichever is less.
- Plan members who retire on or after July 1, 2011, pay 3% of final average salary. Members eligible for Medicare pay 1.5% of final gross annual base salary.

Employer contribution requirements are established by the Commonwealth as provided by pertinent statutory authority. With the exception of certain employing agencies, employers contributed to the REHP Trust a retiree health assessment rate of \$275 per pay period for each current REHP eligible active employee during the period July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2024. The rate during the period July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2023 was \$120 per pay period.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The State System records its REHP pension liability annually utilizing a measurement date one year prior to its fiscal year-end. The Commonwealth's State Employees' Retirement System (SERS) performs experience studies periodically to determine reasonable and appropriate economic and demographic assumptions for purposes of valuing the defined benefit pension plan. The most recent SERS experience study covered the years 2015 through 2019 and was presented to the SERS Board in July 2020. The approved recommendations from that study were used to determine the assumptions in the REHP annual valuations, where applicable. The inflation assumption was selected by the SERS Board during a July 2020 meeting based on a review of actual plan experience and the prevalent economic outlook.

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

REHP (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

- Actuarial Cost Method is Entry Age Normal, which requires an estimate of the projected benefit payable at retirement to determine costs and liabilities.
- Inflation of 2.50%.
- Healthcare cost trend rate of 8.9%, with rates gradually decreasing to 3.9% in 2075 and later, based on the SOA-Getzen trend rate model version 2023 f1.
- Average salary growth of 2.50% per year and an assumed 2.80% payroll growth rate.
- Projected benefits based on estimates of future years of service and projected health benefit costs.
- Mortality rates based on the PUB-2010 General Employees Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021.
- Participant data based on census information as of December 31, 2021, for the June 30, 2022, measurement date.

The following assumptions were made with regard to the discount rate:

- Discount rate of 5.65% as of June 30, 2023.
- The discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on assets held in the OPEB investment pool (6.75%) and a municipal bond rate of 3.65% based on the 20-year Bond Buyer GO Index as of the end of June 2023.

The long-term expected rate of return on REHP plan investments is determined using a risk premium review. This review compares the current relationship between fixed income and equity and their relationship over long periods of time to come up with an expected rate of return. Other variables considered in the expected rates of return are a reversion to the mean for each asset class. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized as follows:

		Long-Term
Asset	Target	Expected Real
Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	42.0 %	5.1 %
International Equity	22.0	5.5
Fixed Income	22.0	1.8
Public REITs	4.0	-
Infrastructure	4.0	5.0
Real Estate	4.0	4.8
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.0	1.0
Private Equity	1.0	8.4
Total	100.0 %	

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

REHP (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The Commonwealth calculated an allocated share of the REHP OPEB liability for each participating employer based upon their actual contributions made to the REHP. The State System's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 3.0292% for the measurement date of June 30, 2023, a decrease of 0.6186% from its proportion calculated as of June 30, 2022, measurement date.

The following presents the University's share of the REHP net OPEB liability at June 30, 2024, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (7.9% decreasing to 2.9%) or one percentage point higher (9.9% decreasing to 4.9%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (8.9% decreasing to 3.9%).

Sensitivity of the REHP Net OPEB

Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (in Thousands)								
		1% Decreas	se	Healthcare	Cost	1% I	ncrease	
	(7	7.9% decreas	sing	Trend Rates	(8.9%	(9.9% decreasing		
		to 2.9%)		decreasing to 3.9%)		to	4.9%)	
202	24 \$	36,0)31 5	\$	41,363	\$	47,801	

The following presents the University's share of the REHP net OPEB liability at June 30, 2024, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (4.65%) or one percentage point higher (6.65%) than the current discount rate (5.65%).

Sensitivity of the REHP Net OPEB Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (in Thousands)

Trace of 25 Elability to offarigoe in the Bloodant rate (in Thousands)							
	1%	1% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increase	
		4.65%		5.65%		6.65%	
2024	\$	46,496	\$	41,363	\$	36,984	

The assets of the REHP are managed by the Commonwealth's Treasury in an investment pool. The REHP investments are made based upon an interagency agreement, dated June 17, 2008, and the prudent investor standard set forth in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania's amendment to fiscal code 72 P.S. §30.1, the principles of Prudent Investors Standards.

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Premium Assistance

Plan Description

The Health Insurance Premium Assistance Program (Premium Assistance) is a governmental cost sharing, multiple-employer OPEB plan administered by the administrative staff of PSERS. The members eligible to participate in the program include all full-time public-school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. The control and management of PSERS, including the investment of its assets, is vested in the Board of Trustees (PSERS Board). The Commonwealth's General Assembly has the authority to amend the benefit terms of PSERS by passing bills in the Senate and House of Representatives and sending them to the Governor for approval. Additional plan information can be found in the PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.psers.pa.gov.

Effective January 1, 2002, under the provisions of Act 9 of 2001, participating eligible retirees are entitled to receive premium assistance payments equal to the lesser of \$100 per month or their out-of-pocket monthly health insurance premium. To receive premium assistance, eligible retirees must obtain their health insurance through either their school employer or the PSERS Health Options Program. As of June 30, 2021, there was no assumed future benefit increases to participating eligible retirees. Plan members receiving benefits are not required to make contributions.

Funding Policy

Employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the Health Insurance Account that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. The contribution policy is governed by applicable provisions of the Retirement Code. The contractually required employer contribution rate was 0.75% of covered payroll for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 of the covered payroll. Per §8327 of the Code, the Commonwealth is required to contribute 50% of the contribution rate directly to PSERS on behalf of the State System, meaning that the amount that the State System actually contributed was 0.375% of covered payroll.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The State System records its PSERS OPEB liability annually utilizing a measurement date one year prior to its fiscal year-end. The total OPEB liability, as of the June 30, 2023 measurement date, was determined by rolling forward the PSERS total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, to June 30, 2023, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Valuation Date June 30, 2022.
- Actuarial cost method was entry age normal, level percent of pay.
- Investment return of 4.13% based on the S&P 20 Year Municipal Bond Rate

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Premium Assistance (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

- Effective average salary growth of 4.5%, comprising 2.50% for inflation and 2.00% for real wage growth and for merit and seniority increases.
- Premium Assistance reimbursement benefits capped at \$1,200 per year.
- Assumed healthcare cost trends were applied to retirees with less than \$1,200 in premium assistance per year.
- Mortality rates were based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale.
- Eligible retirees pre-age 65 are assumed to participate at 50%, while eligible retirees post-age 65 are assumed to participate at 70%.

The following assumptions were used to determine the contribution rate:

- The results of the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, determined the employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2023.
- Cost method was developed using the amount necessary to assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the valuation date.
- · Asset valuation method was market value.
- Participation rate assumed that 63% of eligible retirees will elect premium assistance.
- Mortality Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale.

The following assumptions were made with regard to the discount rate:

- The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.13% at June 30, 2022.
- Under the plan's funding policy, contributions are structured for short-term funding
 of Premium Assistance. The funding policy sets contribution rates necessary to
 assure solvency of Premium Assistance through the third fiscal year after the
 actuarial valuation date.
- The Premium Assistance account is funded to establish reserves that are sufficient for the payment of Premium Assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Due to the short-term funding policy, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to meet projected future benefit payments; therefore, the plan is considered to be a pay-as-you-go plan. A discount rate of 4.13%, which represents the S&P 20-year Municipal Bond Rate at June 30, 2023, was applied to all projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Premium Assistance (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

• Investments consist primarily of short-term assets designed to protect the principal of the plan assets. The OPEB plan's policy with regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS Board. Under the program, as defined in the retirement code, employer contribution rates for Premium Assistance are established to provide reserves in the health insurance account that are sufficient for the payment of premium assistance benefits for each succeeding year. Following is the PSERS Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, as of June 30, 2023.

		Long-Term
Asset	Target	Expected Real
Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Cash	100.0 %	1.2 %
Total	100.0 %	

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by rolling forward the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, to June 30, 2023. An employer's proportion is calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as a percentage of total one-year reported covered payroll. The State System's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.1821% for the measurement dates of June 30, 2023.

The following presents the University's share of the Premium Assistance net OPEB liability at June 30, 2024, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (between 4.0% and 6.0%) or one percentage point higher (between 6.0% and 8.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates (between 5.0% and 7.0%).

Sensitivity of the Premium Assistance Net OPEB
Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate (in Thousands)

	1% D	1% Decrease		thcare Cost	1% Increase		
	(Betwe	een 4.0%	Trend R	ates (Between	(Betv	veen 6.0%	
	and	and 6.0%)		5.0% and 7.0%)		d 8.0%)	
2024	\$	585	\$	585	\$	585	

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Premium Assistance (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The following presents the University's share of the Premium Assistance net OPEB liability at June 30, 2024, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (3.13%) or one percentage point higher (5.13%) than the current discount rates (4.13%).

Sensitivity of the Premium Assistance Net OPEB

Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (in Thousands)

	,			\		
	1% D	ecrease	(Current Rate	1%	Increase
	3.	13%		4.13%	5	5.13%
2024	\$	661	\$	585	\$	521

Fiduciary Net Position

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PSERS, and additions to and deductions from PSERS' fiduciary net position, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Additional plan information can be found in the PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at www.psers.pa.gov.

NOTE 11 PENSION BENEFITS

The University's employees participate in one of three retirement plans. The Public-School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania State Employees' Retirement System (SERS) are governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plans. The Alternative Retirement Plan (ARP) is a defined contribution plan administered by the State System.

NOTE 11 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Following is the total of the University's pension liabilities, pension assets, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and the pension expense and expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

	SERS	PSERS	 ARP	Total
Net Pension Liabilities Deferred Outflows of Resources:	\$ 154,771,630	\$ 14,661,613	\$ -	\$ 169,433,243
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Net Difference Between Projected	4,369,795	3,235	-	4,373,030
and Actual Investment Earnings and Pension Plan Investments	12,160,264	414.755		12,575,019
Changes in Assumptions	6,669,911	218,699	-	6,888,610
Difference Between Employer		•		, ,
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	578,155	(14,784)	_	563.371
Changes in Proportion	-	319,871	-	319,871
Contributions After the Measurement Date	0 907 533	1 700 707		11 527 260
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 9,807,533 33,585,658	\$ 1,729,727 2,671,503	\$ 	\$ 11,537,260 36,257,161
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Difference Between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$ 314,551	\$ 200,728	\$ -	\$ 515,279
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings				
and Pension Plan Investments	_	_	_	_
Difference Between Employer				
Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	92.433	_	_	92.433
Changes in Proportion	9,080,600	170,894	 <u> </u>	 9,251,494
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 9,487,584	\$ 371,622	\$ 	\$ 9,859,206
Pension Expense	\$ 11,306,981	\$ 2,229,144	\$ 5,833,075	\$ 19,369,200
Contributions Recognized				
by Pension Plans	\$ 17,558,744	\$ 1,729,727	 N/A	\$ 19,288,471

The University will recognize the \$9,807,533 reported as 2024 SERS deferred outflows of resources resulting from pension contributions after the measurement date, and the \$1,729,727 reported as 2024 PSERS deferred outflows of resources resulting from pension contributions after the measurement date, as reductions of the respective net pension liabilities in the year ended June 30, 2025.

NOTE 11 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Amortization							
Year Ending June 30,	SERS	SERS PSE						
2025	\$ 2,250,41	5 \$	93,333					
2026	4,153,55	5	(173,454)					
2027	10,275,98	3	521,703					
2028	(2,408,15	3)	128,572					
2029	18,74	6	-					
Total	\$ 14,290,54	1 \$	570,154					

SERS

Plan Description

SERS is the administrator of the State Employees' Retirement fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. SERS also is the administrator of the State Employees' Defined Contribution Plan, which was established as part of Commonwealth Act 2017-5. Both the defined benefit plan and the defined contribution plan were established by the Commonwealth to provide retirement benefits for employees of state government and certain independent agencies. SERS is a component unit of the Commonwealth and is included in the Commonwealth's financial report as a pension trust fund. SERS issues a publicly available annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. A copy of the report may be obtained from the SERS website at www.sers.state.pa.us.

Membership in SERS is mandatory for most state employees. Members and employees of the General Assembly, certain elected or appointed officials in the executive branch, department heads, and certain employees in the field of education are not required, but are given the option, to participate.

Benefits Provided

SERS provides retirement, death, and disability benefits. Article II of the Commonwealth's Constitution assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the plan to the General Assembly. Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) are provided ad hoc at the discretion of the General Assembly.

Employees who were hired prior to January 1, 2011, and retire at age 60 with three years of service, or with 35 years of service if under age 60, are entitled to a normal annual retirement benefit; members of the General Assembly and certain employees classified in hazardous duty positions can retire with full benefits at age 50 with at least three years of service. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserved all benefits in place for members but mandated a number of benefit reductions for new members effective January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2018.

NOTE 11 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

SERS (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

The benefit reduction included a new class of membership that accrues benefits at 2% of members' final average salary instead of the previous 2.5%. The vesting period changed from 5 to 10 years of credited service, and the option to withdraw lump-sum accumulated deductions was eliminated. The new normal retirement age is 65 for most employees and 55 for members of the General Assembly and certain employees classified in hazardous duty positions. Act 2017-5 preserved all benefits in place for members, but fundamentally changed retirement options for new hires beginning January 1, 2019: most employees who first become SERS members on or after January 1, 2019, must choose from one of two new defined benefit/defined contribution hybrid options or a straight 401(a) defined contribution option.

According to the State Employees' Retirement Code (SERC), all obligations of SERS will be assumed by the Commonwealth should SERS terminate.

Contributions

The contribution rate for both active members and the State System depends upon when the active member was hired and what benefits class was selected. Section 5507 of the SERC (71 Pa. C.S. §5507) requires the Commonwealth and other employers whose employees are SERS members to make contributions to the fund on behalf of all active members and annuitants necessary to fund the liabilities and provide the annuity reserves required to pay benefits. SERS funding policy, as set by the SERS Board, provides for periodic active member contributions at statutory rates. The SERS funding policy also provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates based on SERS' funding valuation, expressed as a percentage of annual retirement covered payroll, such that the employer contributions, along with employee contributions and an actuarially determined rate of investment return, are adequate to accumulate assets to pay benefits when due. Act 2017-5 includes a savings "plow-back" provision requiring that the annual savings achieved through SERS benefit changes flow back into the Defined Benefit Plan through the employer contributions rate rather than to other nonpension obligations.

For the SERS defined benefit plan, the State System's actuarially determined contribution rate for most active members was 41.09% of active members' annual covered payroll at June 30, 2024, with less common rates ranging between 27.6% and 32.24%, depending upon the defined benefit plan chosen by the employee. For the SERS defined benefit/defined contribution hybrid plan, the State System's actuarially determined contribution rate was either 17.4% or 17.65% of annual covered payroll, depending upon the hybrid plan chosen by the employee. In addition, the State System was required to contribute to the defined benefit plan 16.10% of the annual covered payroll of employees who selected the straight 401(a) defined contribution plan. The University's contributions to SERS for the year ended June 30, 2024, were approximately \$17,558,744, equal to the required contractual contribution.

NOTE 11 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

SERS (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

The contribution rate of most active members who participate in the SERS defined benefit plan was 6.25% of gross salary, with less common rates ranging between 5.0% and 9.3% of salary, depending upon when the member was hired and what class of membership was elected. Defined benefit contribution rates for active members who participate in the defined benefit/defined contribution hybrid plan were either 3.25% or 3.5% of gross salary, depending upon what class of membership was elected. The contribution rate to the defined contribution plan for active members who participate in the straight 401(a) defined contribution plan was 7.5% of gross salary.

For the SERS defined contribution plan, the University contributed actuarially determined rates of between 2.0% and 3.5% of active members' annual covered payroll at June 30, 2023, depending on the plan chosen by the employee. The University recognized SERS defined contribution pension expense of \$146,566 for the year June 30, 2024. The vesting period for employer contributions to the defined contribution plan, both for members who participate in the straight 410(a) defined contribution plan and those who participate in one of the defined benefit/defined contribution hybrid plans, is three years. Once money is contributed to the plan, it cannot be removed from the plan, except for making distribution payments to participants. Forfeitures of unvested employer contributions and earnings are invested in the PA Treasury short-term investment fund. The funds are forfeited to the employee's most recent employer and used to offset future contributions to the plan and correct funding discrepancies. Forfeitures seized under the Pension Forfeiture Act are used for administrative expenses of the plan.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations are performed annually using a December 31 measurement date. Every five years, SERS is required to conduct an actuarial experience study to determine whether the assumptions used in its annual actuarial valuations remain accurate based on current and anticipated demographic trends and economic conditions. The 19th Investigation of Actuarial Experience study for the period 2015–2019 was released in July 2020. The actuary, under oversight of the SERS Board, reviewed economic assumptions (such as the assumed future investment returns and salary increases) as well as demographic assumptions (such as employee turnover, retirement, disability, and death rates).

NOTE 11 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

SERS (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Some assumption adjustments increased projected cost and some decreased it, but the overall result was a slight increase to the net pension liability. The SERS Board adopted the actuarial assumptions set forth in the 19th Investigation of Actuarial Experience at its September 2020 meeting. In addition, SERS reviews its investment return assumption in light of economic conditions every year. At its June 2024 meeting, the SERS Board approved maintaining the assumed investment rate of return at 6.875%. The next SERS actuarial experience review will occur in summer 2025 and will be used for its 2025 annual valuation.

The following methods and assumptions were used in the actuarial valuation for the December 31, 2023, measurement date.

- Entry age actuarial cost method.
- Investments amortized on a straight-line, closed-period basis over five years; amortization changes and noninvestment gains/losses over the average expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided benefits.
- Inflation of 2.50%.
- Investment return of 6.875%, net of manager fees and including inflation.
- Salary increases based on an average of 4.55%, with a range of 3.30% to 6.95%, including inflation.
- Asset valuation using fair (market) value.
- Mortality rates based on the projected PubG-2010 and PubNS-2010 Mortality Tables, adjusted for actual plan experience and future improvement.
- No cost-of-living adjustments.

The long-term expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of manager fees and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 11 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

SERS (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in SERS' current and target asset allocation as of December 31, 2023 are summarized below:

	202	23
		Long-Term
Asset	Target	Expected Real
Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Private Equity	16.00 %	6.00 %
Real Estate	7.00	4.80
U.S. Equity	31.00	4.85
International Developed Markets Equity	14.00	4.75
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00	4.95
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Inflation Protection (TIPS)	3.00	1.50
Cash	2.00	0.25
Total	100.0 %	

The discount rate used to measure the total SERS pension liability was 6.875%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the rates applicable for each member and that employer contributions will be made based on rates determined by the actuary and as set by statute. Based on those assumptions, SERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current SERS members. The long-term expected rate of return on SERS' investments, therefore, was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the University's proportionate share of the SERS net pension liability at June 30, 2024, calculated using discount rate of 6.875% for 2024, as well as what the SERS net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.875%) or one percentage point higher (7.875%) than the current rate:

Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of the SERS Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	(in Thousands)		
	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
	5.875%	6.875%	7.875%
2024	\$ 186,000	\$ 154,772	\$ 104,351

NOTE 11 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

SERS (Continued)

Proportionate Share

At June 30, 2024, the amount recognized as the University's proportionate share of the SERS net pension liability, measured at December 31, 2023, was approximately \$154,771,630.

The allocation percentage assigned to each participating employer is based on a projected-contribution method. For the allocation of the 2023 amounts, this methodology applies the most recently calculated contribution rates for fiscal year 2023/24 from the December 31, 2023 funding valuation to the expected funding payroll. At December 31, 2023, measurement date, the State System's proportion was 4.0628%, a decrease of 0.0876% from its proportion calculated as of December 31, 2022, measurement date.

PSERS

Plan Description

PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth. The members eligible to participate in PSERS include all full-time public-school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania.

The Public-School Employees' Retirement Code (Act No. 96 of October 2, 1975, as amended) (24 Pa. C.S. §§8101–8535) (the Code) is the authority by which PSERS benefits provisions and contribution requirements are established. The Commonwealth's General Assembly has the authority to amend the benefit terms by passing bills in the Senate and House of Representatives and sending them to the Governor for approval. The Code requires contributions by active members, the employer (State System), and the Commonwealth. PSERS is a component unit of the Commonwealth and is included in the Commonwealth's financial report as a pension trust fund.

On June 12, 2017, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Act 5 of 2017 was signed into law. This legislation establishes a new hybrid defined benefit/defined contribution (DC) retirement benefit plan applicable to all school employees who become new members of PSERS on July 1, 2019 and thereafter. The three new plan design options under Act 5 include two hybrid plans consisting of defined benefit and defined contribution components and a stand-alone defined contribution plan. A stand-alone defined benefit plan is no longer available to new members after June 30, 2019.

PSERS issues a comprehensive annual financial report that may be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

NOTE 11 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

PSERS (Continued)

Benefits Provided

Members who joined prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching age 62 with at least one year of credited service, age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service, or any age with 35 or more years of service. Act 120 preserved the benefits of members who joined prior to July 1, 2011, and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011, by creating two new membership classes: Class T-E and Class T-F. To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must complete a minimum of 35 years of service with a combination of age and service that totals 92 or greater, or they must work until age 65 with a minimum of three years of service.

Depending upon membership class, benefits are generally 1% or 2.5% of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. Members who joined prior to July 1, 2011, vest after completion of five years of service and may elect early retirement benefits. Class T-E and Class T-F members vest after completion of 10 years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits. Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or has at least five years of credited service (10 years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Member Contributions

Active members who joined PSERS prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Class T-C members) or at 6.50% (Class T-D members) of the member's qualifying compensation. Members who joined PSERS on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Class T-C) or at 7.5% (Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation. Members who joined PSERS after June 30, 2001, and before July 1, 2011, contribute at 7.5% (Class T-D). For these hires and for members who elected Class T-D, the 7.5% contribution rate began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002. Members who joined PSERS after June 30, 2011, contribute at the rate of 7.5% (Class T-E) or 10.3% (Class T-F) of their qualifying compensation. Class T-E and Class T-F members are subject to a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 that could cause the rate in future years to fluctuate between 7.5% and 9.5% for Class T-E and 10.3% and 12.3% for Class T-F.

NOTE 11 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

PSERS (Continued)

Employer Contributions

The University's contractually required contribution rate for PSERS for fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was 33.79% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Per §8327 of the Code, the Commonwealth is required to contribute 50% of the contribution rate directly to PSERS on behalf of the State System, meaning that the amount that the State System actually contributed was 16.545% of covered payroll. The University's contributions to PSERS for the year ending June 30, 2024 were approximately \$1,729,727, equal to the required contractual contribution.

For the PSERS defined contribution plan, the State System is required to contribute at actuarially determined average rate 0.27% of active members' annual covered payroll for the year ending June 30, 2024, depending upon the plan chosen by the employee. Members were first eligible to choose the defined contribution plan on July 1, 2019. The contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$-0-.

Actuarial Assumptions

The State System records its PSERS pension liability annually utilizing a measurement date one year prior to its fiscal year end. The total PSERS pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined by rolling forward PSERS' total pension liability as of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2023 using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Valuation date June 30, 2022
- Actuarial cost method is entry age normal, level percent of pay.
- Investment return of 7.00%, with 2.50% inflation.
- Salary increases based on an effective average of 4.5%, which comprises a 2.50% allowance for inflation, and 2.00% for real wage growth and merit or seniority increases.
- Mortality rates based on a blend of 50% PubT-2010 and 50% PubG-2010 Retiree
 Tables for Males and Females, adjusted to reflect PSERS' experience and
 projected using a modified version of the MP-2020 Mortality Improvement Scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 11 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

PSERS (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

PSERS' policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the PSERS board of trustees. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension. Following is the PSERS board of trustees' adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2023:

202	23
	Long-Term
Target	Expected Real
Allocation	Rate of Return
30.0 %	5.2 %
12.0	7.9
33.0	3.2
7.5	2.7
4.0	4.1
10.0	5.4
11.0	5.7
3.0	1.2
(10.5)	1.2
100.0 %	
	Allocation 30.0 % 12.0 33.0 7.5 4.0 10.0 11.0 3.0 (10.5)

The discount rate used to measure the total PSERS pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, PSERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on PSERS' investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the University's proportionate share of the PSERS net pension liability at June 30, 2024 calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the PSERS net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of the PSERS Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	(in Thousa	ınds)				
	1% [Decrease	Cur	rent Rate	1%	Increase
	6	5.00%		7.00%		8.00%
2024	\$	19.006	\$	14.662	\$	10.997

NOTE 11 PENSION BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

PSERS (Continued)

Proportionate Share

At June 30, 2024, the amount recognized as the University's proportionate share of the PSERS net pension liability, plus the related PSERS pension support provided by the Commonwealth, is as follows:

Total PSERS Net Pension Liability Associated with the University

\$ 29,323,226

Commonwealth's Proportionate Share of the PSERS

Net Pension Liability Associated with the University 14.6

14,661,613

University's Proportionate Share of the PSERS

Net Pension Liability

\$ 14,661,613

PSERS measured the 2024 net pension liability as of June 30, 2023. PSERS calculated the employer's proportion of the net pension liability using the employer's one-year reported covered payroll in relation to all participating employers' one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2023, the State System's proportion was 0.1834%, an increase of 0.0046% from its proportion calculated as of June 30, 2022.

ARP

The ARP is a defined contribution plan administered by the State System. Benefits equal amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Act 188 empowers the board to establish and amend benefits provisions. The State Employees' Retirement Code establishes the employer contribution rate for the ARP, while the board establishes the employee contribution rates. Active members contribute at a rate of 5% of their qualifying compensation. The State System recognizes annual pension expenditures equal to its contractually required contributions to the plan. The State System's contribution rate on June 30, 2024 was 9.29% of qualifying compensation. The contributions to the ARP for the year ended June 30, 2024 was approximately \$5,833,075, from the University; and approximately \$3,139,437, from active members. No liability is recognized for the ARP.

NOTE 12 WORKERS' COMPENSATION

The University participates in the State System's self-insured workers' compensation plan. For claims occurring prior to July 1, 1995, the University is responsible for claims less than \$100,000; for claims occurring on or after July 1, 1995, the University is responsible for claims less than \$200,000. Claims in excess of the self-insurance limits are funded through the Workers' Compensation Collective Reserve Fund (Reserve Fund), to which all Universities of the State System contribute in the amount determined by an independent actuarial study. Based on updated actuarial studies, the University contributed \$139,908 to the Reserve Fund during the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTE 12 WORKERS' COMPENSATION (CONTINUED)

Changes in the University's claims liability were as follows:

Balance - July 1	\$ 1,253,262
Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	595,392
Payments	(379,984)
Balance - June 30	\$ 1,468,670

NOTE 13 RIGHT-TO-USE LEASES, SUBSCRIPTION AGREEMENTS, AND FINANCED PURCHASES

The University routinely leases various facilities and equipment and enters into subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) instead of purchasing the assets. The contracts, at times, may include variable payments, residual value guarantees or termination penalties that are not known or certain to be exercised at the time of the lease or subscription liability valuation. These are recognized as expenses in the period that they occur. There were no variable payments, termination penalties or residual guarantee payments expensed for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The leases and SBITAs expire at various dates through 2027 and annual installment payments total between \$9,953 and \$733,783 plus interest at a rate between of 1.5% and 2.3%.

The following schedule provided future minimum principal and interest payments to maturity for financed purchases and right to use leases.

Fiscal Year		Right-to-U With Thir				Right-to-U With Comp			Subscription Agreements			
Ending June 30,	F	Principal	Ir	Interest		Principal		nterest	Principal	Interest		
2025	\$	402,632	\$	5,216	\$	348,253	\$	2,723	\$ 2,240,422	\$	97,068	
2026		113,485		2,638		25,882		199	1,968,069		42,376	
2027		116,122		-		-		-	787,205		8,952	
2028												
Total	\$	632,239	\$	7,854	\$	374,135	\$	2,922	\$ 4,995,696	\$	148,396	

The following summary provides aggregated information reported for June 30, 2024 right to use liabilities including additions, reductions and reported liabilities for the years then ended.

	В	eginning					Ending
	Balance Additions Red				Reductions	 Balance	
Leases, Third Parties	\$	985,756	\$	127,795	\$	(481,311)	\$ 632,240
Leases, Comp Units		870,988		-		(496,853)	374,135
Subscription Liabilities		5,361,920		1,989,459		(2,355,683)	 4,995,696
Total	\$	7,218,664	\$	2,117,254	\$	(3.333.847)	\$ 6,002,071

NOTE 14 BENEFICIAL INTERESTS

At June 30, 2024 the fair value of beneficial interests totaled \$5,227,402, representing gifts that donors placed in trust in perpetuity with third parties, with the University receiving a restricted revenue stream in accordance with the donors' wishes.

NOTE 15 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies

The nature of the educational industry is such that, from time to time, the University is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; alleged negligence; acts of discrimination; breach of contract; labor disputes; disagreements arising from the interpretation of laws or regulations; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. While some of these claims may be for substantial amounts, they are not unusual in the ordinary course of providing educational services in a higher education system.

The University is self-insured for workers' compensation up to stated limits (see Note 11). For all other risks of loss, the University pays annual premiums to the Commonwealth to participate in its Risk Management Program. The University does not participate in any public entity risk pools and does not retain risk related to any aforementioned exposure, except for those amounts incurred relative to policy deductibles that are not significant. The University has not reduced significantly any of its insurance coverage from the prior year. Settled claims have not significantly exceeded the University's commercial coverage in any of the past three years. It is not expected that the resolution of any outstanding claims and litigation will have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements.

The University receives support from federal and Commonwealth grant programs, primarily for student financial assistance, including federal CARES, Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSAA) and American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding received between fiscal years in 2020/21 and 2022/23. Entitlement to the resources requires compliance with terms of the grant agreements and applicable regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors. As of June 30, 2024, the University estimates that adjustments, if any, as a result of such audits would not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements.

Construction Commitments

Authorized expenditures for construction projects unexpended as of June 30, 2024 was approximately \$2,911,976.

NOTE 15 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

Labor Concentration

Approximately 84% of PASSHE's full-time equivalent (FTE) employees are covered by nine collective bargaining agreements. During 2023-24, new collective bargaining agreements were established for the State System's clerical, administrative, technical, maintenance and trade employees with American Federation of State, County, and Municipal Employees (AFSCME); State System's social workers with Service Employees International Union (SEIU); Association of Pennsylvania State College and University Faculties (APSCUF); State College & University Professional Association (SCUPA); APSCUF Non-Faculty Athletic Coaches and Office of Professional Employees International Union Healthcare Pennsylvania (OPEIU) which covers nursing positions. The new agreement with the Pennsylvania Doctors Alliance (PDA) is awaiting ratification. All of these agreements are effective July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2027. During 2022-23, new collective bargaining agreements were established for police supervisors and security officers with the International Union, Security, Police, and Fire Professionals of America (SPFPA) and PASSHE Officers Association (POA) through August 31, 2025.

NOTE 16 RATINGS ACTIONS

In December 2023, Moody's Investors Service, Inc. maintained the State System's bond rating of Aa3, but revised the outlook from negative to stable. The stable outlook reflects Moody's expectations that leadership will continue to successfully execute the system redesign initiative leading to the maintenance of break-even operations and expectations of continued strong liquidity, growing Commonwealth financial support and steady declines in bonded debt. At the same time, Moody's revised the State System's Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) and Credit Impact Scores (CIS) from CIS-4 to CIS-3, reflecting an improvement in that measure. CIS-3 reflects the State System's elevated exposure to social risks, including weak demographics and highly competitive market conditions, while strong financial management partly mitigates it exposure to ESG risks. In March 2024, Fitch Ratings affirmed the State System's existing rating of A+ with stable outlook.

NOTE 17 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The 2024-25 State budget, which was signed by Governor Shapiro on July 11, 2024, provides for an additional appropriation of \$85,000,000 to the State System for facilities transition costs, the payment of bond debt services, loan repayments and other repayments. In September 2024, a portion of these funds, approximately \$37,330,000, were used by the State System to make early repayment of various bonds series AT for the University.

In August 2024, a federal jury awarded a \$3,900,000 verdict in favor of the plaintiff against Commonwealth University of Pennsylvania and the State System. The verdict pertains to a matter that existed at the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. This amount, as well as estimated legal fees and interest expense totaling approximately \$5,265,000 has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. The State System is currently evaluating its options, including the possibility of an appeal.

JUNE 30, 2024
(UNAUDITED)
(SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

		Fiscal Year										
Changes in the System Plan Total		Ending										
OPEB Liability	J	une 30, 2024	J	une 30, 2023	J	une 30, 2022	J	une 30, 2021	J	une 30, 2020	J	lune 30, 2019
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning Balance	\$	133,264,440	\$	213,703,834	\$	221,072,810	\$	197,123,749	\$	205,967,418	\$	229,241,502
Service Cost		3,747,649		6,257,250		6,810,309		5,105,352		5,579,487		6,651,617
Interest		5,441,121		4,937,254		4,570,507		6,670,754		6,198,216		7,261,871
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		(1,260,296)				(3,724,259)		(1,744,653)		(159,898)
Differences Between Expected												
and Actual Experience		-		(32,077,711)		-		(19,424,644)		-		(27,605,359)
Changes in Assumptions		1,558,683		(46,968,652)		(14,315,012)		44,912,623		(9,015,262)		(1,812,232)
Benefit Payments		(9,468,124)		(11,327,239)		(4,434,780)		(9,590,765)		(9,861,457)		(7,610,083)
Net Changes		1,279,329		(80,439,394)		(7,368,976)		23,949,061		(8,843,669)		(23,274,084)
Total OPEB Liability - Ending Balance	\$	134,543,769	\$	133,264,440	\$	213,703,834	\$	221,072,810	\$	197,123,749	\$	205,967,418
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	73,970,769	\$	76,137,200	\$	87,514,679	\$	86,875,640	\$	89,812,689	\$	91,317,314
OPEB Liability as a Percent of Covered Payroll		181.89%		175.03%		244.19%		254.47%		219.48%		225.55%

JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED) (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

Schedule of Proportionate Share of REHP's Net OPEB Liability Determined as of REHP's June 30 Measurement Dates (in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	State System's Proportion	Pı	niversity's roportion Share	C Er	iversity's overed mployee Payroll	University's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability as a % of Covered- Employee Payroll	REHP's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability
2017/18	4.374 %	\$	160,079	\$	21,824	734 %	1.4 %
2018/19	4.573		121,397		21,653	561	2.2
2019/20	4.370		85,035		21,877	389	3.8
2020/21	4.275		100,017		22,050	454	3.7
2021/22	4.026		80,558		20,480	393	3.7
2022/23	3.678		65,754		18,441	357	5.9
2023/24	3.029		41,363		18,452	224	8.8
			,		-,		

REHP Schedule of Contributions (in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	Re	ractually quired ributions	Contributions Recognized by REHP		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		overed- Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered-Employee Payroll
2017/18	\$	3,955	\$	3,955	\$	-	\$ 26,514	14.9 %
2018/19		4,818		4,818		-	27,373	17.7
2019/20		3,716		3,716		-	26,546	14.4
2020/21		2,026		2,026		-	25,564	8.0
2021/22		1,677		1,677		-	23,971	7.1
2022/23		1,456		1,456		-	22,964	6.3
2023/24		3 325		3 325		_	23 782	14 0

JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED) (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

Schedule of Proportionate Share of PSERS Net OPEB Liability Determined as of June 30, PSERS Measurement Date (in Thousands)

			·	,			University's Proportionate	PSERS Fiduciary Net	
		PSERS Ne	et OPEB Liability		Uni	versity's	Share of Net OPEB	Position as a	
	State	University's	Commonwealth's			overed	Liability as a % of	% of Total	
Fiscal	System's	Proportion	Proportion		Employee		Covered-	OPEB	
Year	Proportion	Share	Share	 Total	Payroll		Employee Payroll	Liability	
2017/18	0.1811 %	\$ 708	\$ 708	\$ 1,416	\$	9,248	7.66 %	5.73 %	
2018/19	0.1836	743	743	1,486		9,595	7.74	5.56	
2019/20	0.1886	751	751	1,502		9,733	7.71	5.56	
2020/21	0.1852	692	692	1,384		8,971	7.70	5.69	
2021/22	0.1770	755	755	1,510		9,052	8.36	5.30	
2022/23	0.1780	592	592	1,184		9,453	6.26	6.86	
2023/24	0.1821	585	585	1,170		9,906	5.90	7.22	

PSERS Schedule of Contributions (in Thousands)

					(
	iscal ∕ear	Red	actually quired ibutions	Reco	ibutions ognized PSERS	Defic	bution eiency ess)	overed- Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered-Employee Pavroll
20	17/18	\$	40	\$	40	\$	-	\$ 9,618	0.41 %
20	18/19		40		40		-	9,928	0.41
20	19/20		38		38		-	9,193	0.41
20	20/21		37		37		-	9,633	0.40
20:	21/22		38		38		-	9,642	0.40
20:	22/23		36		36		-	9,879	0.37
20:	23/24		33		33		-	10,436	0.31

JUNE 30, 2024

(UNAUDITED)
(SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

Schedule of Proportionate Share of SERS Net Pension Liability (NPL) Determined as of December 31 SERS Measurement Date

(in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	State System's Proportion	niversity's roportion Share	C E	niversity's Covered mployee Payroll	University's Proportionate Share of NPL as a % of Covered- Employee Payroll	SERS Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability
2014/15	4.9010 %	\$ 127,196	\$	51,880	245 %	64.8 %
2015/16	4.7210	150,846		52,316	288	58.9
2016/17	4.8370	164,553		53,131	310	57.8
2017/18	4.9059	149,052		54,311	275	63.0
2018/19	4.8971	179,352		55,998	320	56.4
2019/20	4.7732	151,167		54,880	275	63.1
2020/21	4.4196	144,236		53,135	271	67.0
2021/22	4.1777	110,238		50,615	218	76.0
2022/23	4.1504	171,502		51,291	334	61.5
2023/24	4.0628	154,772		51,941	298	65.3

SERS Schedule of Contributions Determined as of June 30 Fiscal Year End (in Thousands)

Fiscal Year	R	ntractually Contributio Required Recognize ntributions by SERS		cognized	Defic	bution iency ess)	Er	overed- mployee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered-Employee Payroll	
						<u> </u>			•	_
2014/15	\$	9,969	\$	9,969	\$	-	\$	51,880	19.5	%
2015/16		12,192		12,192		-		52,016	23.3	
2016/17		13,846		13,846		-		52,817	27.2	
2017/18		16,102		16,102		-		53,100	30.3	
2018/19		16,981		16,981		-		54,762	30.2	
2019/20		17,314		17,314		-		53,700	30.9	
2020/21		16,921		16,921		-		52,468	21.3	
2021/22		16,513		16,513		-		50,711	31.6	
2022/23		16,680		16,680		-		50,984	32.7	
2023/24		17,559		17,559		-		51,960	33.8	

JUNE 30, 2024

(UNAUDITED)
(SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

Schedule of Proportionate Share of PSERS Net Pension Liability (NPL) Determined as of June 30 PSERS Measurement Date

(in Thousands)

						·			University's	PSERS
									Proportionate	Fiduciary
		P	SERS Net	Pensio	n Liability		Uni	versity's	Share of NPL as	Net Position
	State	Un	iversity's	Com	monwealth's			overed	a % of Covered-	as a % of
Fiscal	System's	Pr	oportion	Р	roportion		En	nployee	Employee	Total Pension
Year	Proportion		Share		Share	Total	Payroll		Payroll	Liability
2014/15	0.1785 %	\$	13,283	\$	13,283	\$ 26,566	\$	7,218	155 %	57.0 %
2015/16	0.1852		15,119		15,119	30,238		8,985	200	54.4
2016/17	0.1833		17,950		17,950	35,900		9,383	200	50.1
2017/18	0.1811		17,138		17,138	34,276		9,543	200	51.8
2018/19	0.1836		16,898		16,898	33,796		9,478	200	54.0
2019/20	0.1886		16,547		16,547	33,094		9,756	200	55.7
2020/21	0.1856		15,837		15,837	31,674		1,502	1100	54.3
2021/22	0.1777		13,343		13,343	26,686		1,544	900	63.7
2022/23	0.1788		14,558		14,558	29,115		1,633	900	61.3
2023/24	0.1834		14,662		14,662	29,323		1,726	800	61.9

PSERS Schedule of Contributions Determined as of June 30 Fiscal Year End (in Thousands)

				,	,				Contributions	
		Contractually		Contributions		bution	Covered-		as a % of	
Fiscal	Re	equired	Red	Recognized		iency	En	nployee	Covered-Employee	
Year	Contributions		by PSERS		(Exc	ess)	Payroll		Payroll	
2014/15	\$	979	\$	979	\$	-	\$	8,120	12.0 %	
2015/16		1,188		1,188		-		9,457	12.6	
2016/17		1,362		1,362		-		9,395	14.5	
2017/18		1,511		1,511		-		9,618	15.7	
2018/19		1,607		1,607		-		9,927	16.1	
2019/20		1,520		1,520		-		9,193	16.5	
2020/21		1,598		1,598		-		9,633	16.5	
2021/22		1,629		1,629		-		9,642	16.8	
2022/23		1,679		1,679		-		9,879	17.0	
2023/24		1,730		1,730		_		10,436	16.6	

